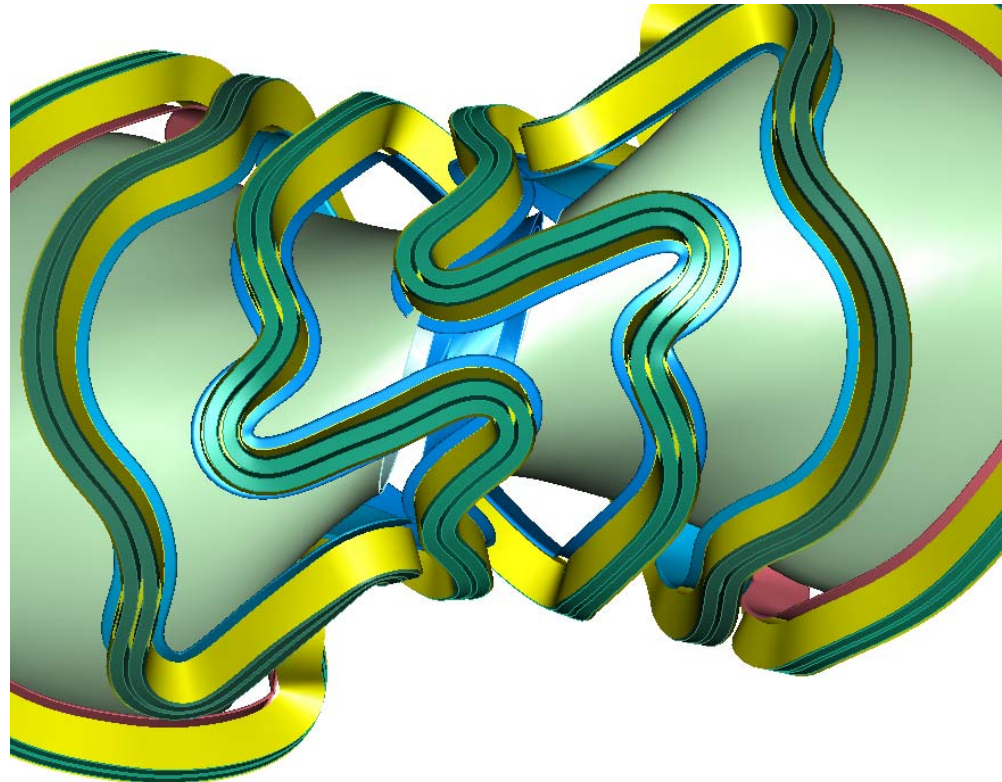


NCSX Vacuum Vessel Joint Design

Mike Viola

PPPL

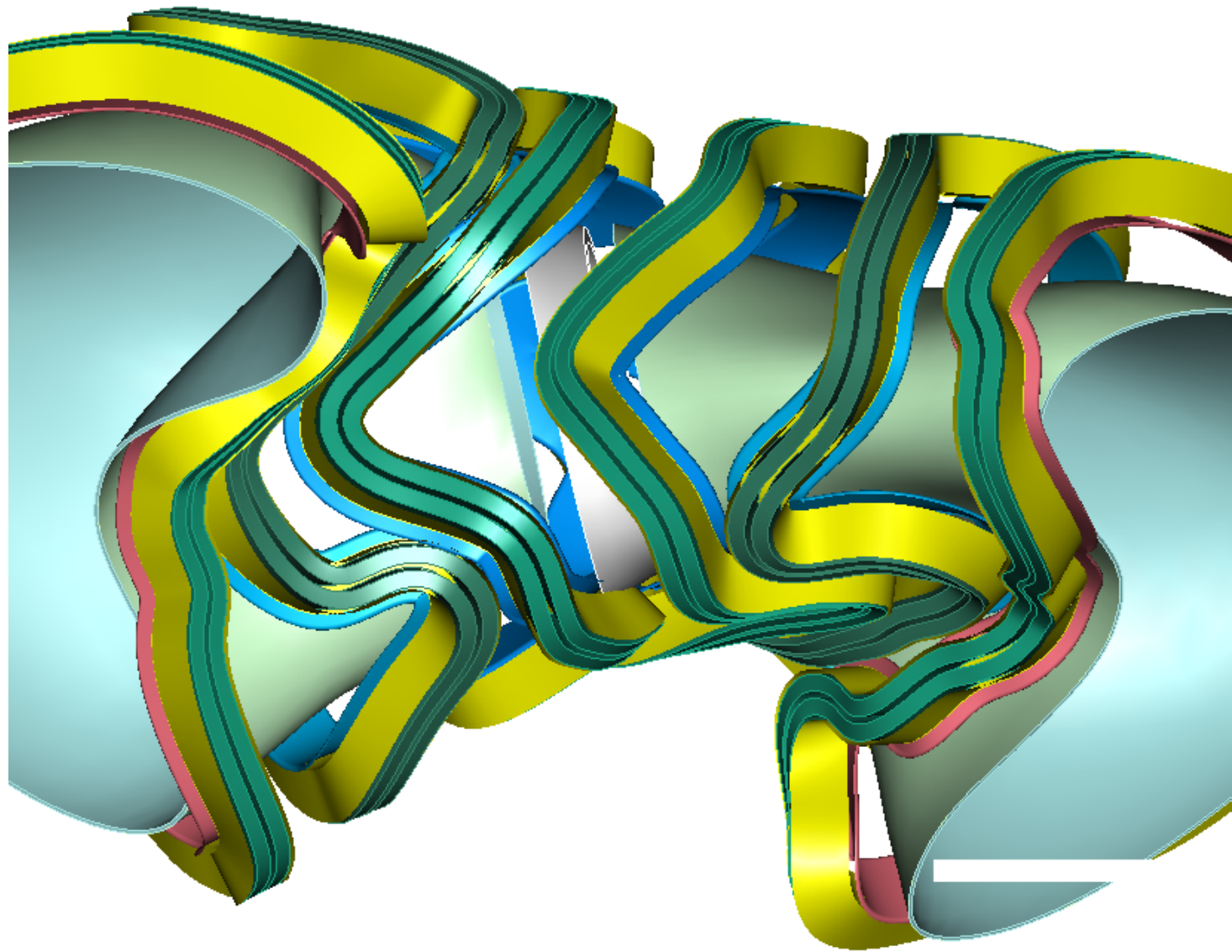
July 1st, 2003

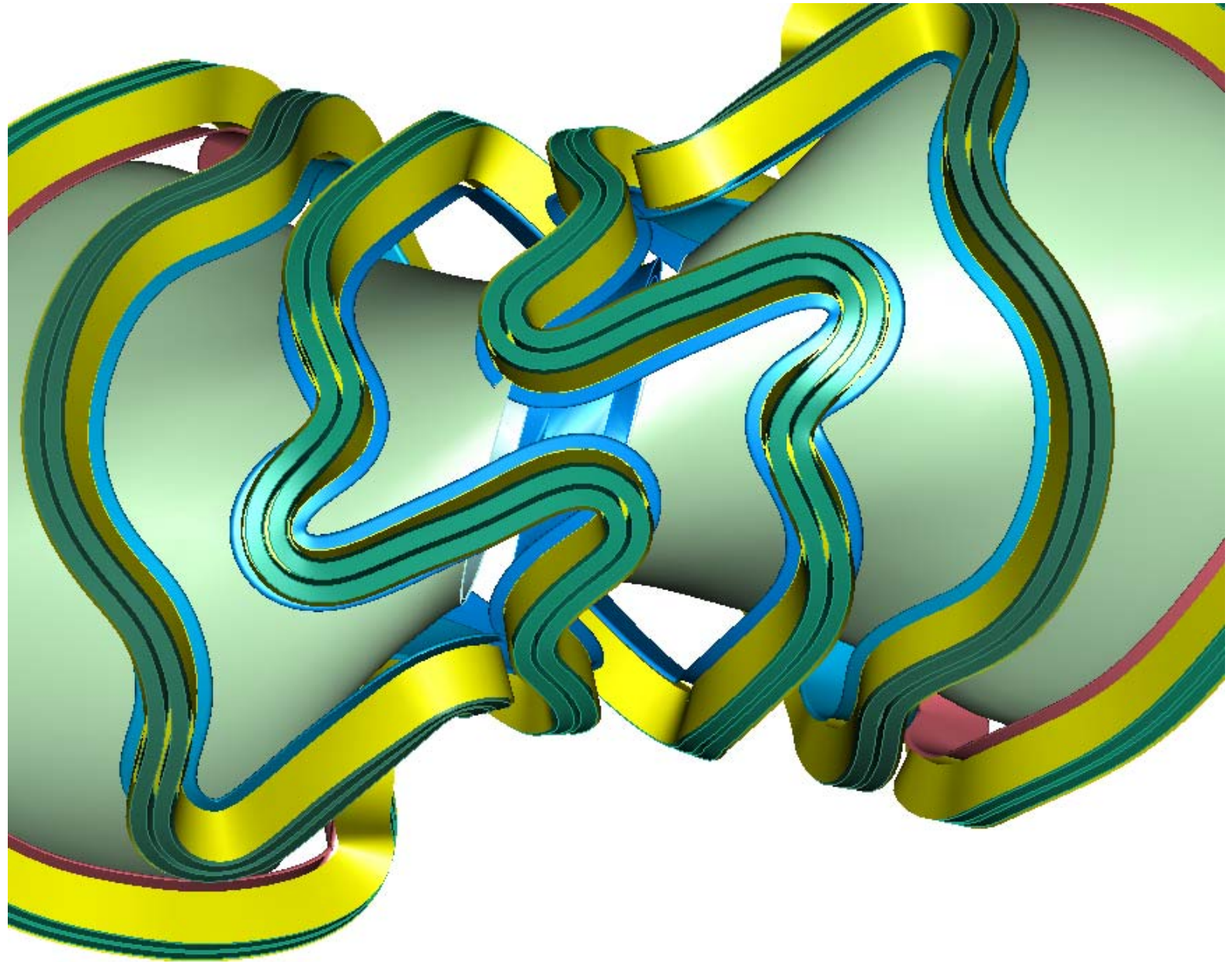




THE CHALLENGE

- Provide a removable joint to connect the three vessel segments.
- At first a straight cut was proposed but the coils dip into the plane of the vessel such that the face would collide with the drooping coil edge as they were brought together.
- This resulted in the angled joint concept which moves the vessel joint ahead of the drooping coil and precludes the interference.







CRITERIA

- Provide a vacuum tight assembly of vacuum vessel segments.
- Provide for tolerance differences between segments.
- Provide a machinable section to allow for poloidal variances.
- Capable of disassembly and reassembly even if rework is necessary.

CONCEPT OVERVIEWS

Configuration	PROS	CONS
Straight bolted	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> [1] Easy fit up [2] Symmetrical 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> [1] Interference with modular coils during assembly <p>THIS IS NOT AN OPTION – IT DOES NOT WORK</p>
Angled bolted CURRENT DESIGN	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> [1] Cure coil interference at top. [2] Provide machinable shim to accommodate potential fit-up problems. [3] Easily disassembled 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> [1] Create problem at bottom [2] Adds double seal
Angled Welded	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> [1] Easy fit up – not clear [2] Symmetrical [3] Simple single joint [4] Compatible with groove for diamond wire cutting. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> [1] Structural welding introduces risk of distortion during assembly [2] Difficult access for welding [3] Special features required for backing weld & leak checking?
Hybrid – Bolted with inside welded seal plate	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> [1] Drop in bolts cure clearance problem [2] simple seal weld 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> [1] difficult disassembly [2] cannot service bolts

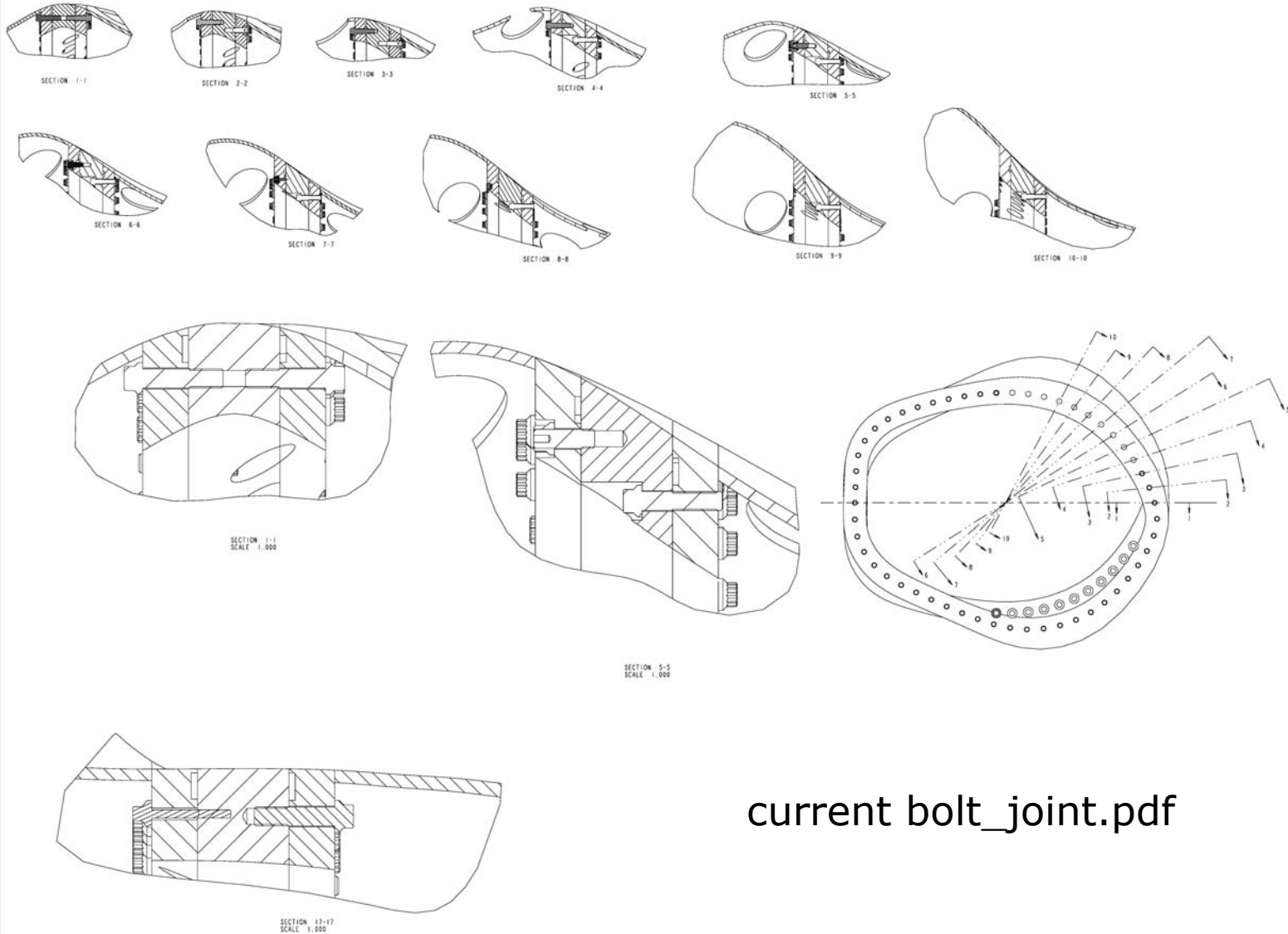


CURRENT BOLTED JOINT

○ HIGHLY COMPLEX

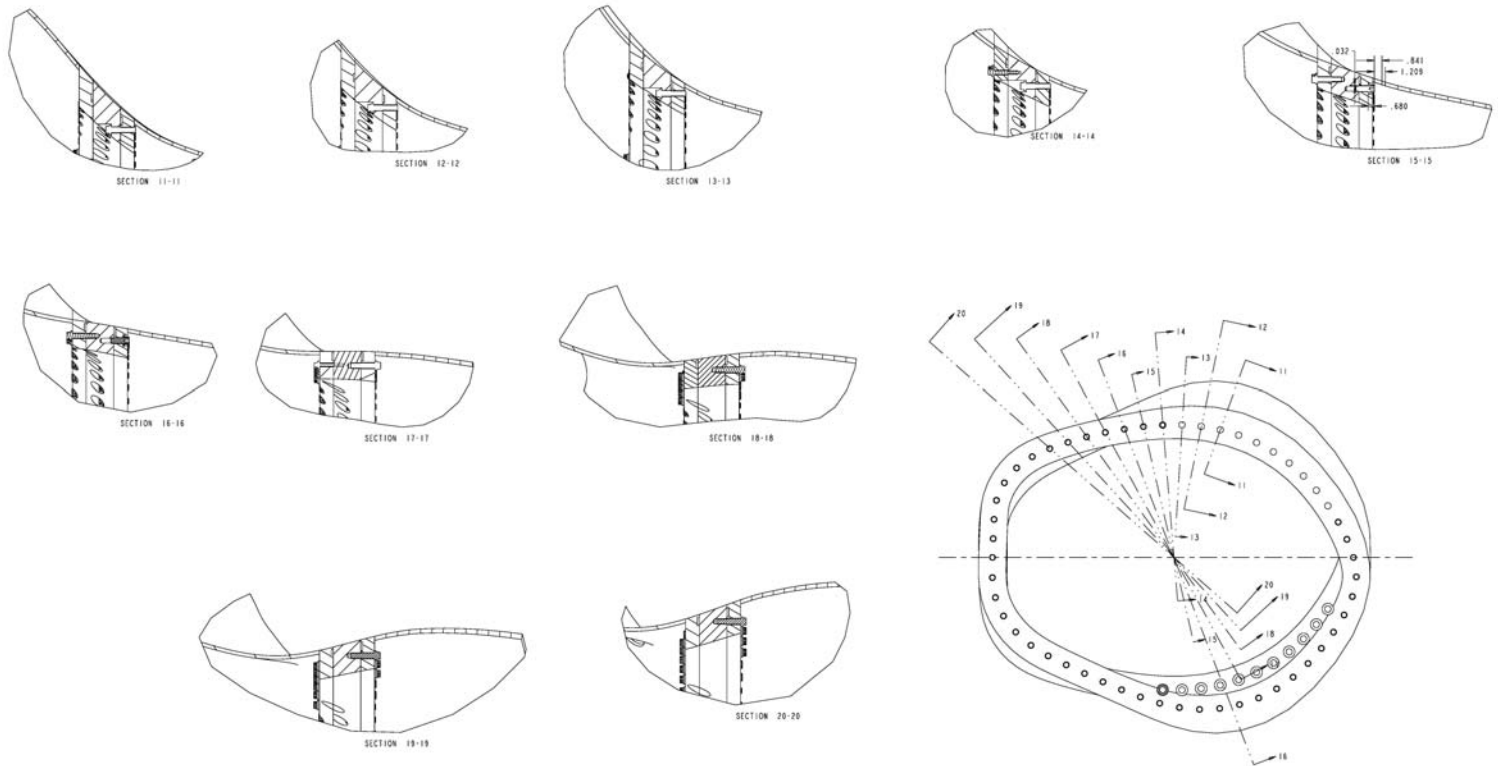
- Two shaped flanges and a machinable spacer
- Eccentric bolt loading of flanges
- Detail required for each bolt location
- Some bolts have hard interference with vessel wall

CURRENT BOLTED JOINT – COMPLEX DRAWING



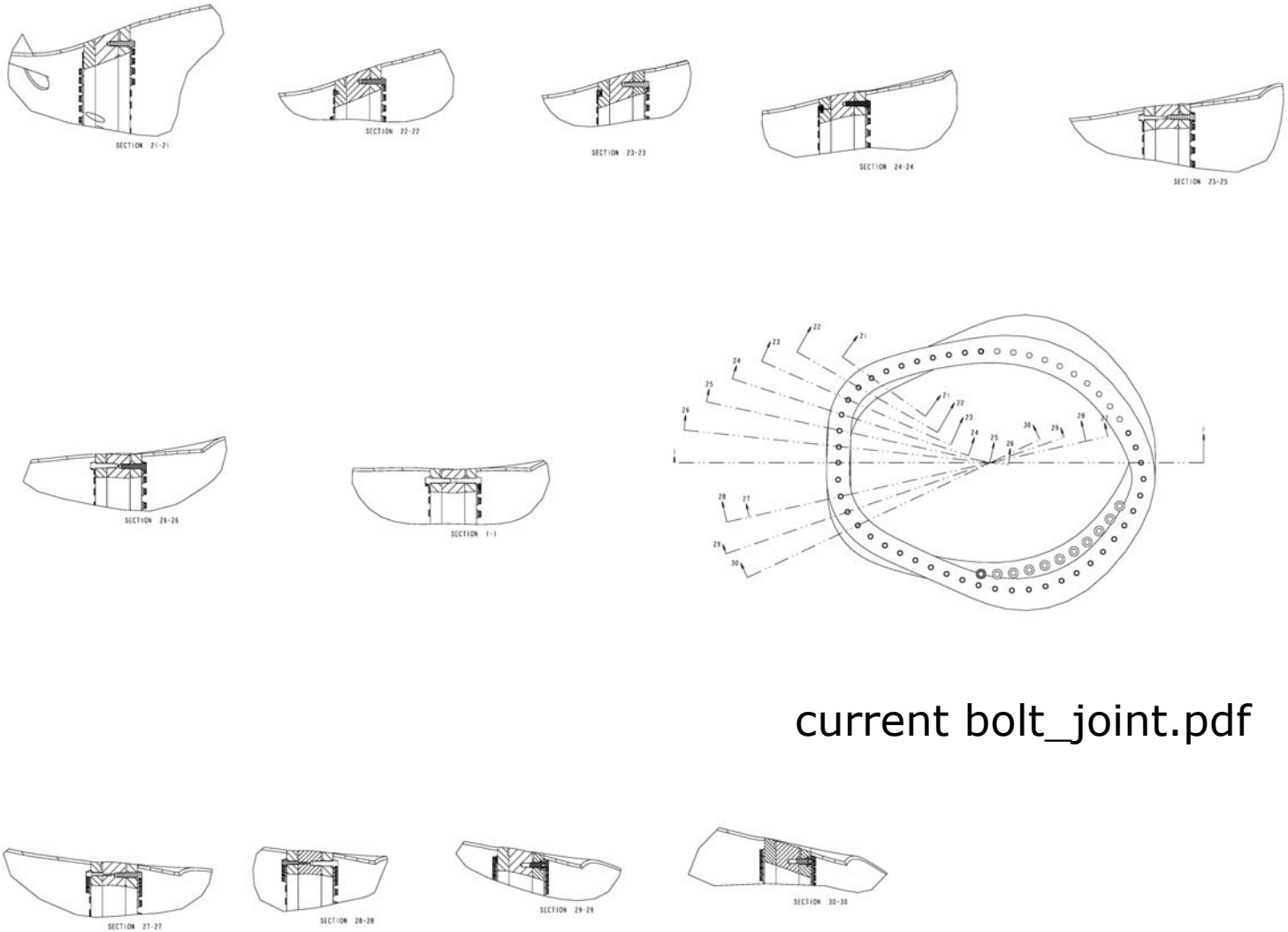
current bolt_joint.pdf

CURRENT BOLTED JOINT – COMPLEX DRAWING



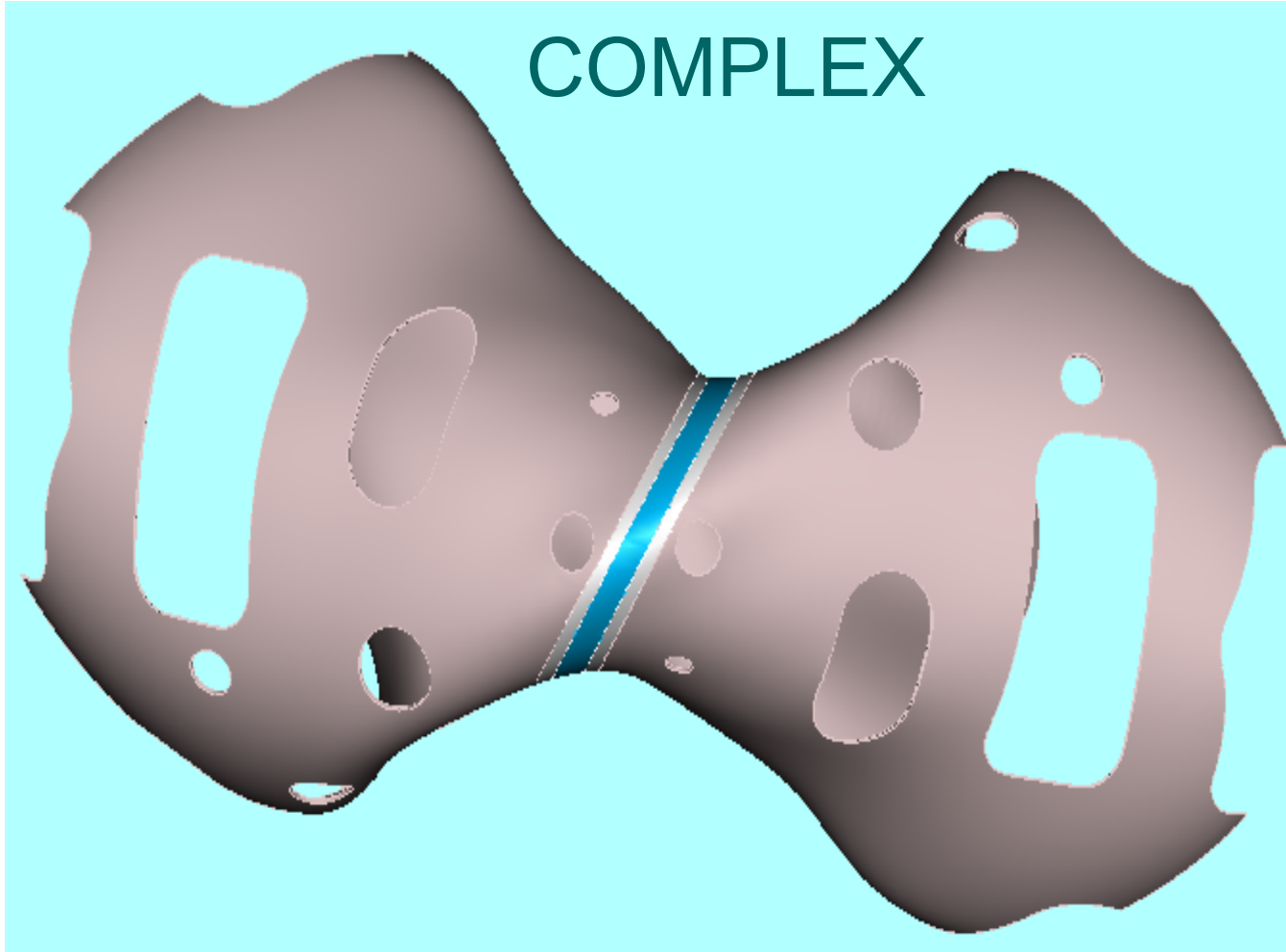
current bolt_joint.pdf

CURRENT BOLTED JOINT – COMPLEX DRAWING



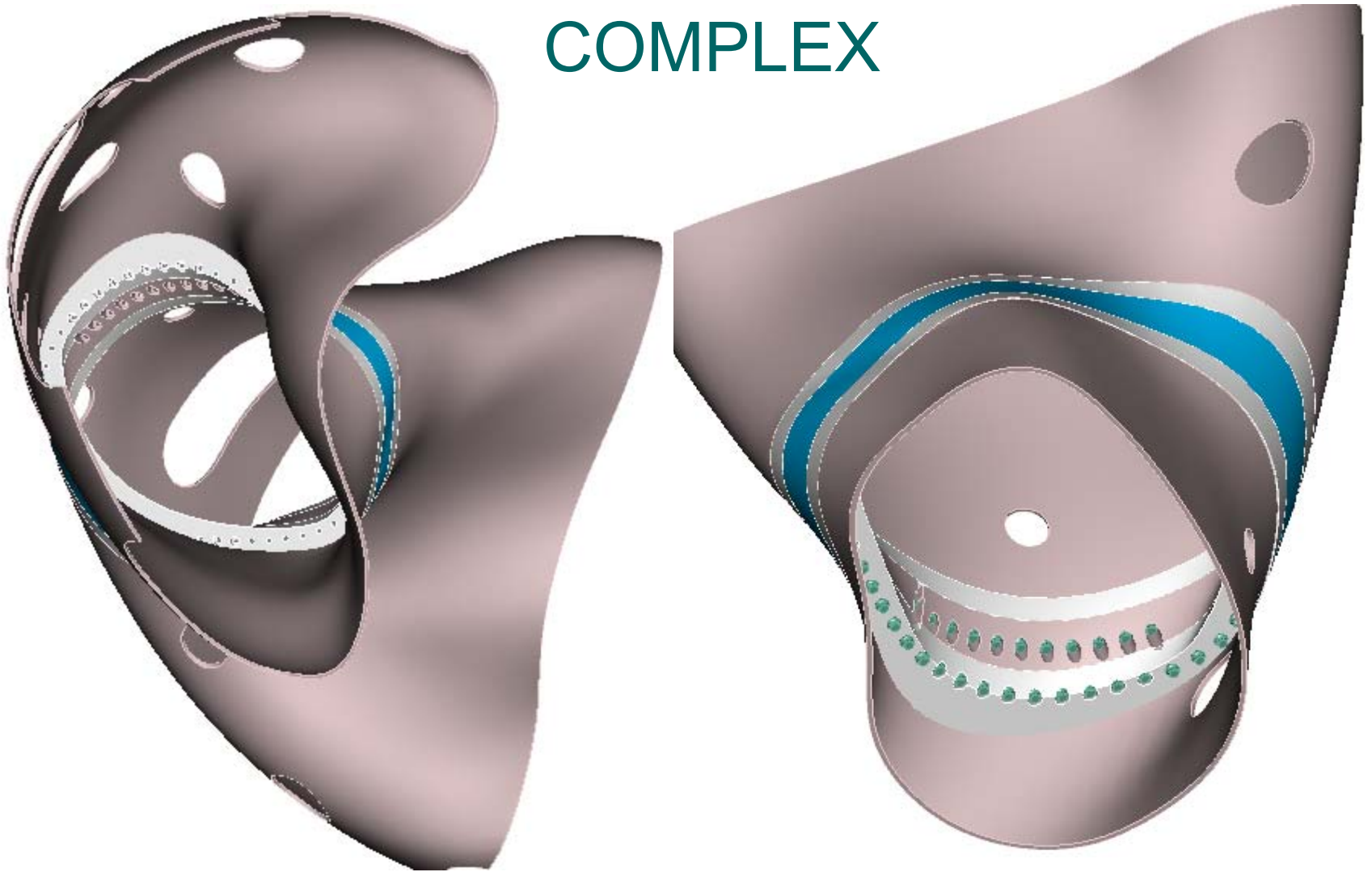
current bolt_joint.pdf

CURRENT BOLTED JOINT – COMPLEX



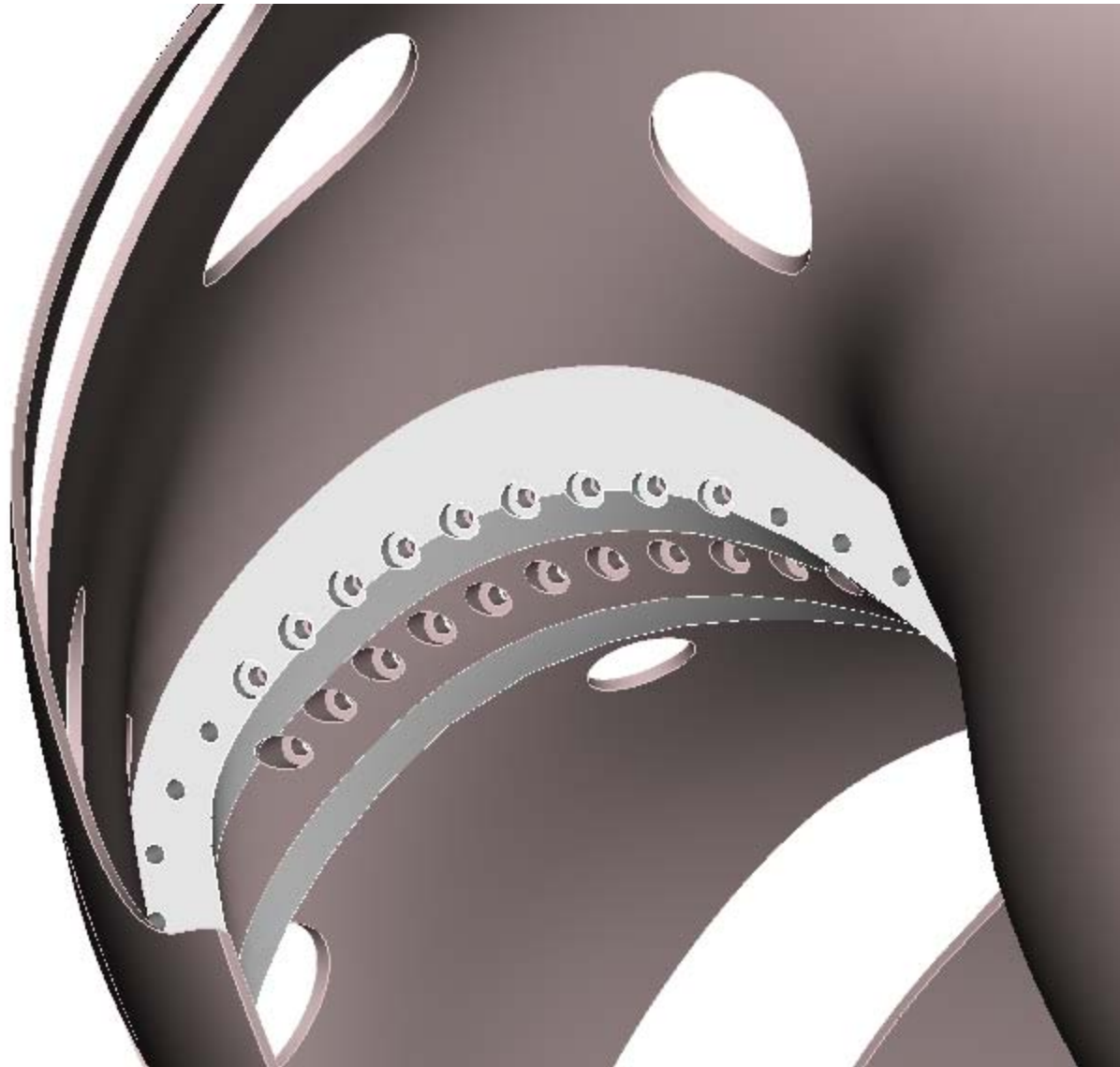
Current bolt_joint.ppt

CURRENT BOLTED JOINT – COMPLEX



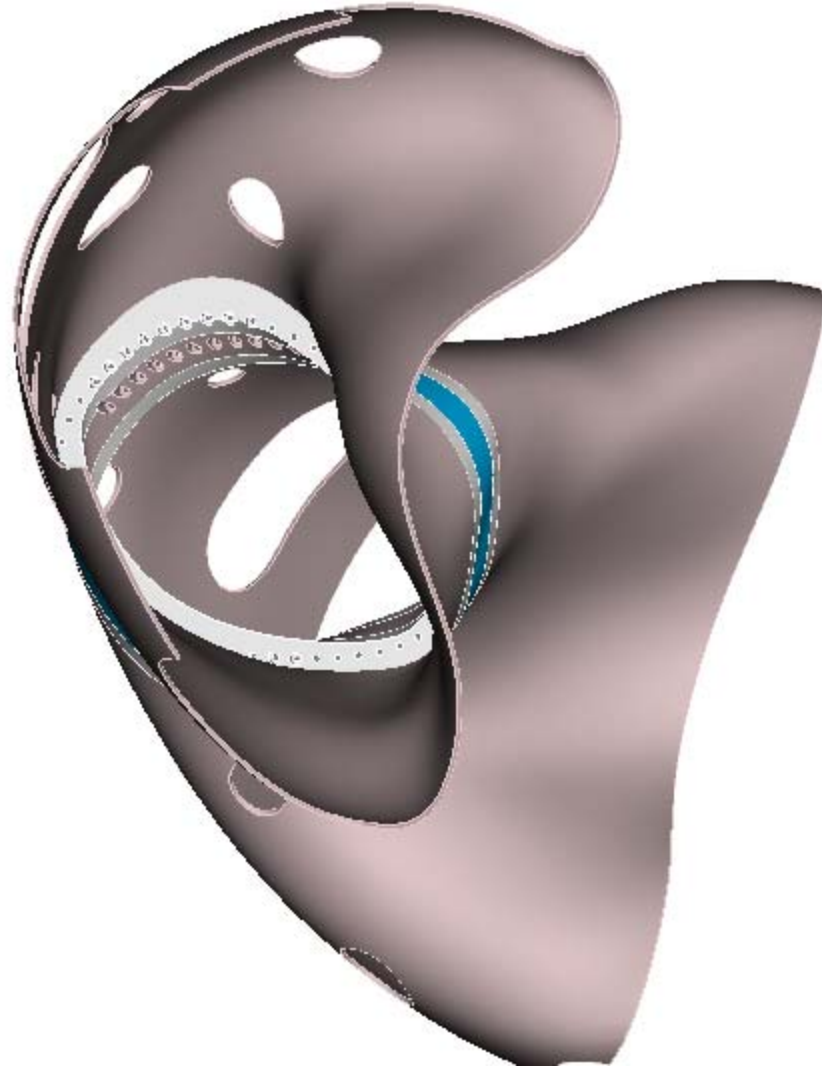
Current bolt_joint.ppt

CURRENT BOLTED JOINT – COMPLEX



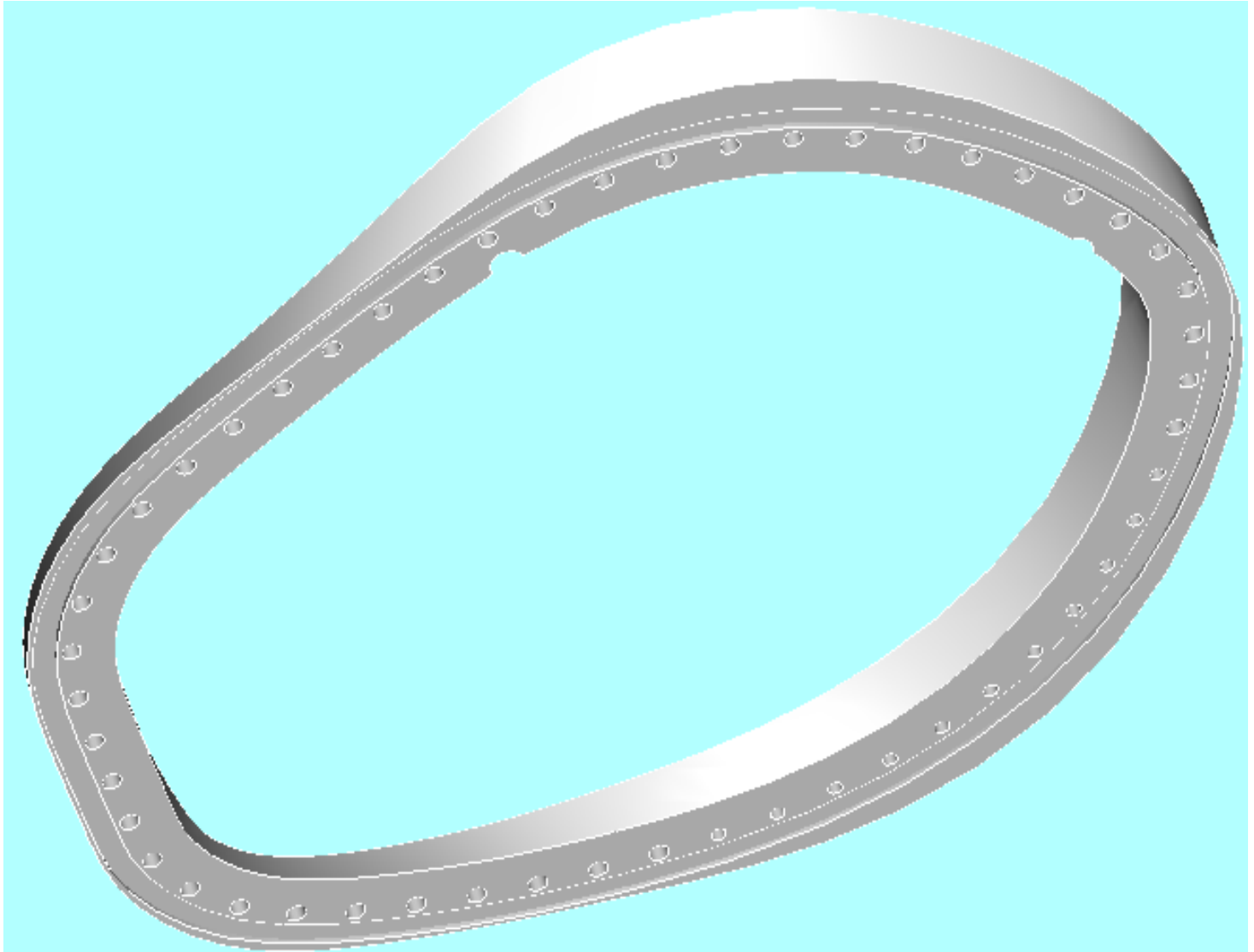
Current bolt_ves_close.ppt

CURRENT BOLTED JOINT – MANY COMPLEX PIECES



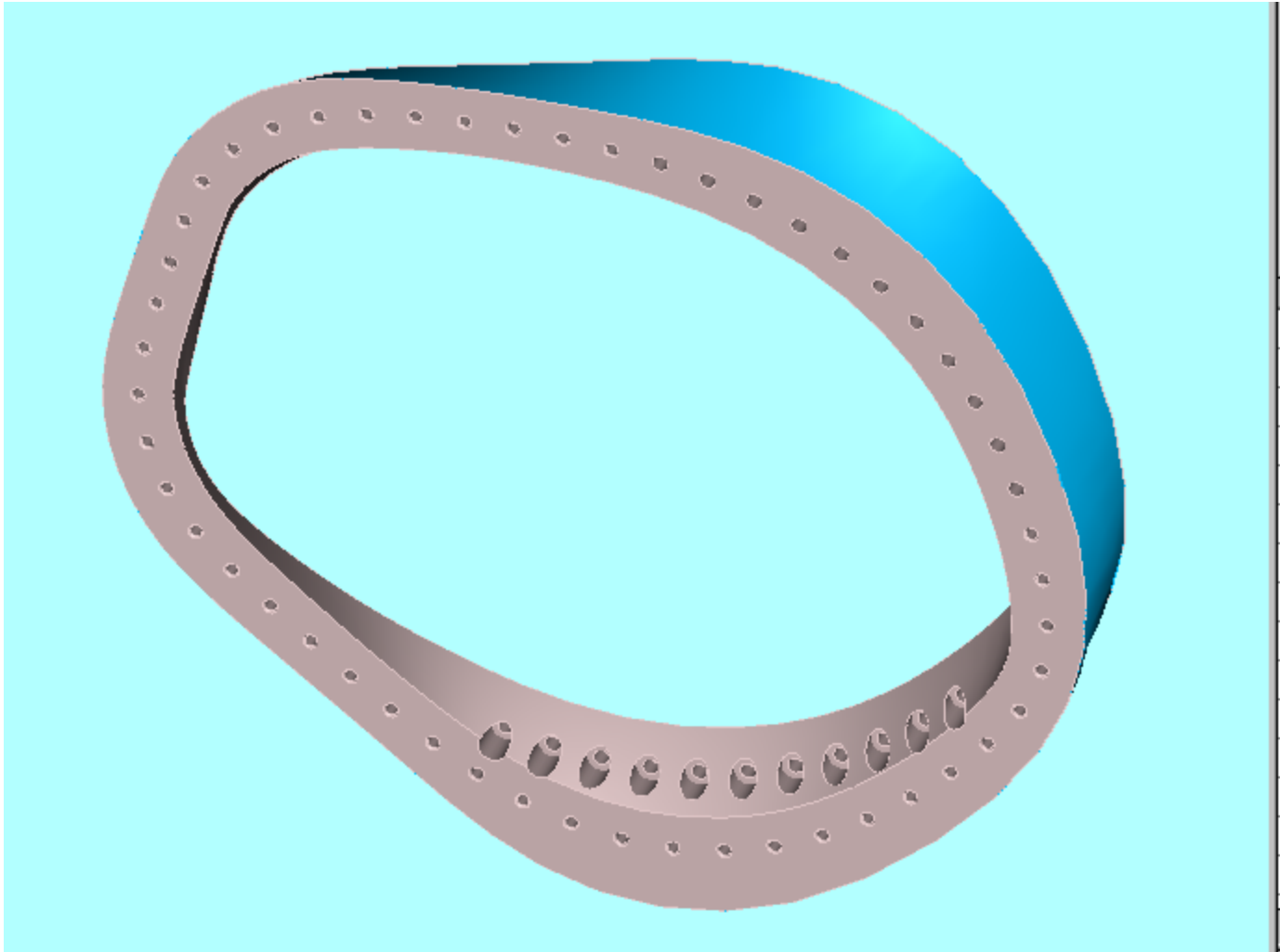
Current bolt_ves_far.ppt

CURRENT BOLTED JOINT – MANY COMPLEX PIECES



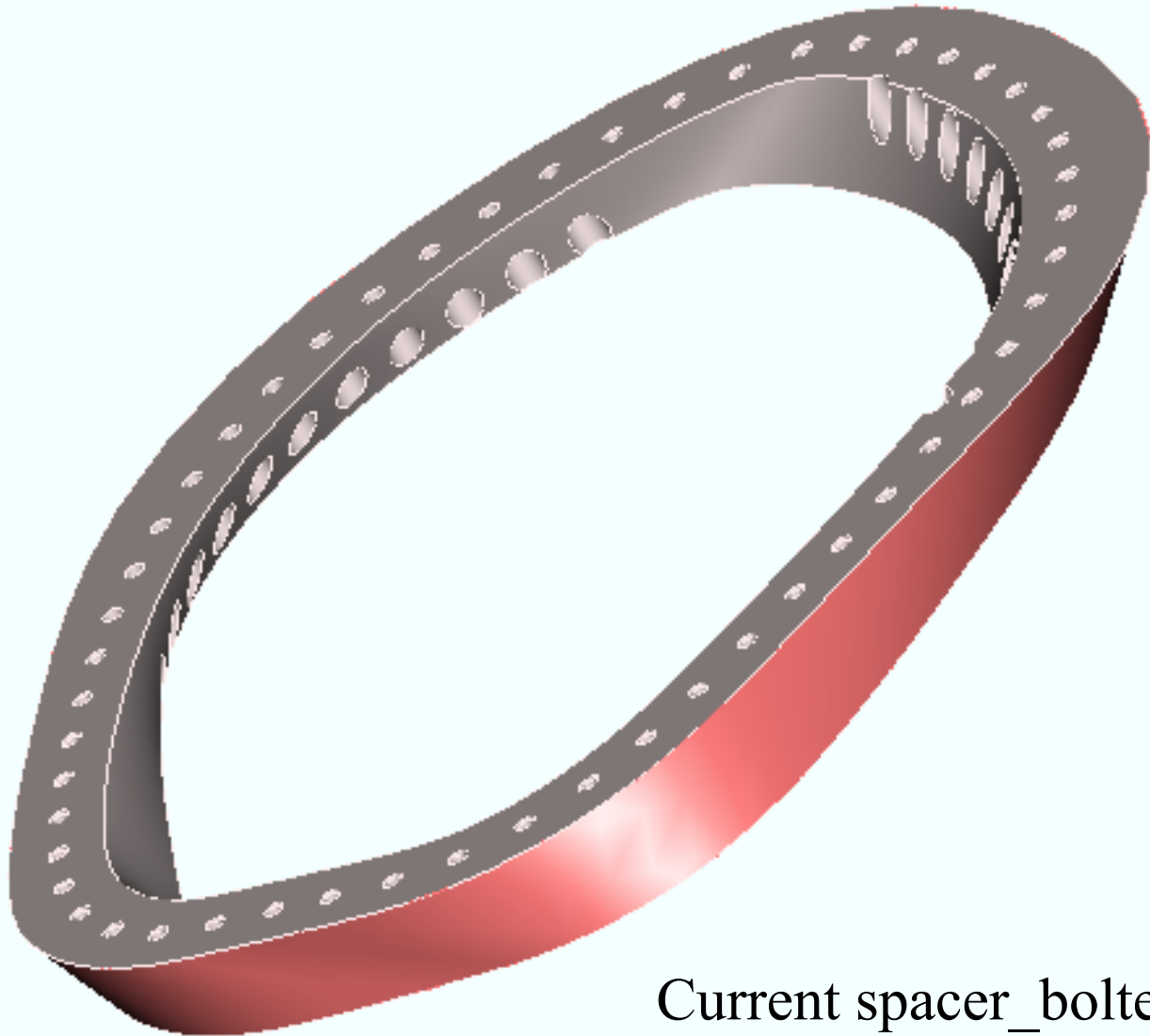
Current flange_bolted.ppt

CURRENT BOLTED JOINT – MANY COMPLEX PIECES



Current ring_bolted.ppt

CURRENT BOLTED JOINT – MANY COMPLEX PIECES

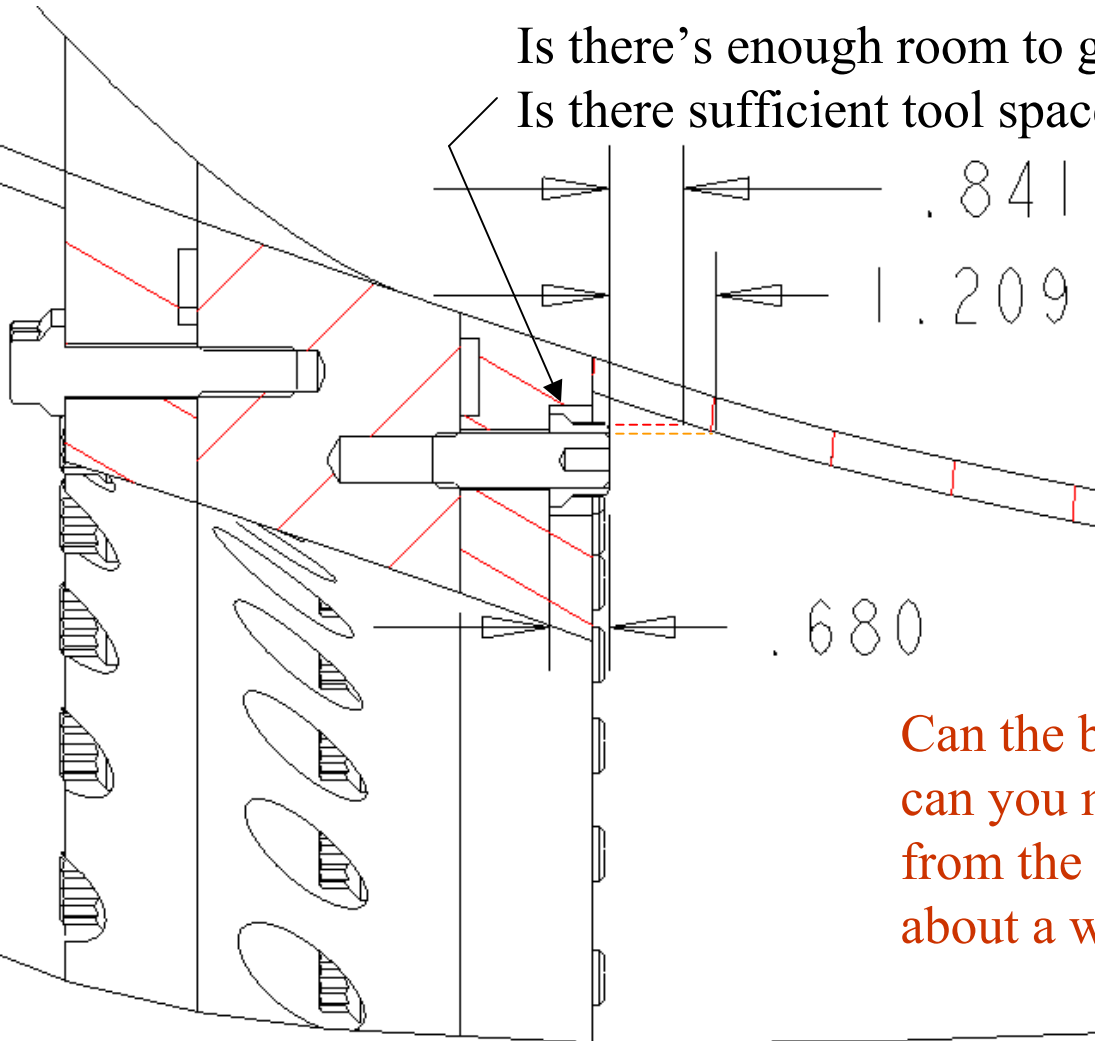


Current spacer_bolted.ppt

CURRENT BOLTED JOINT – MANY QUESTION

Is there's enough room to get this in (or out)?

Is there sufficient tool space?

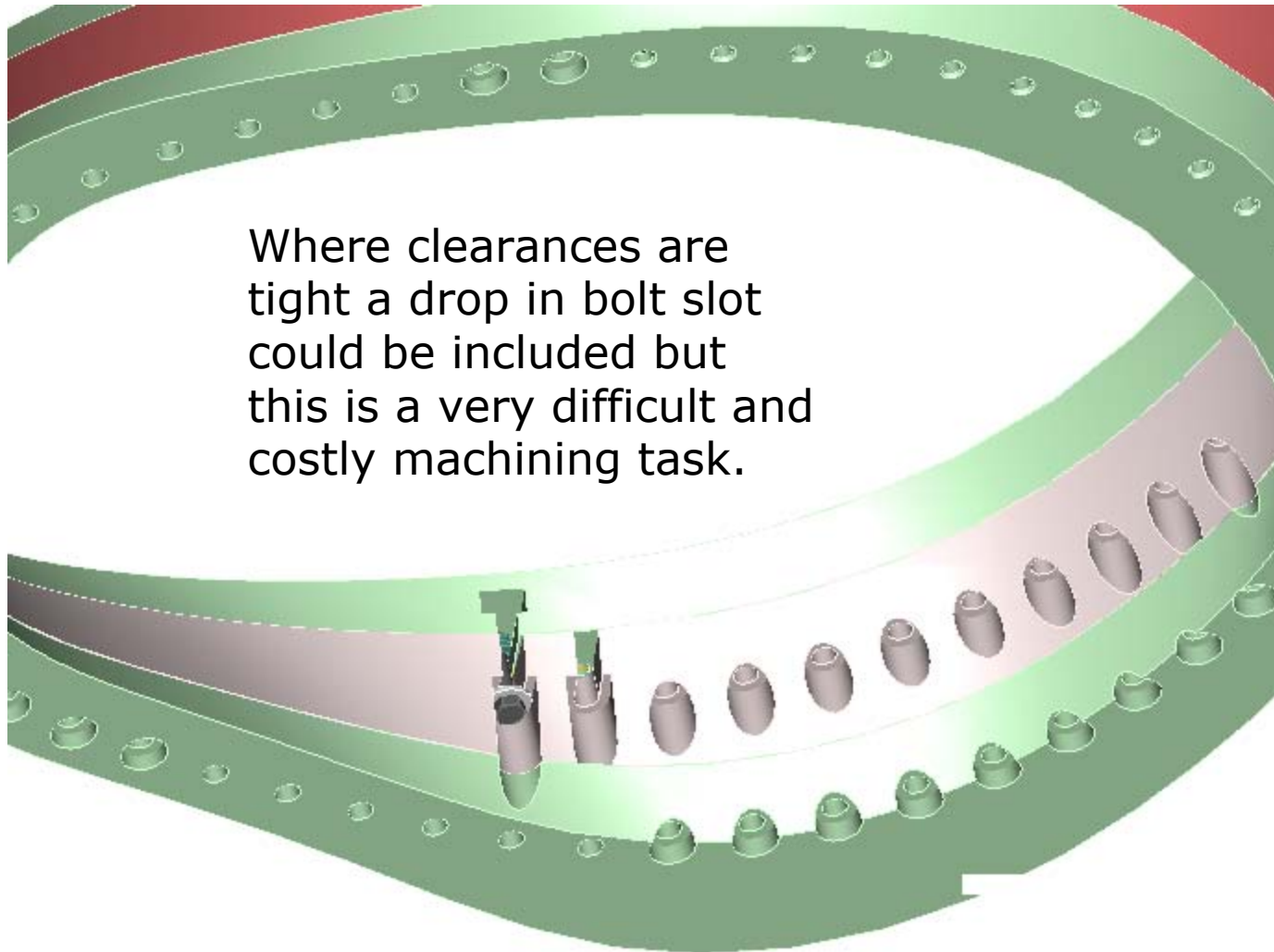


Can the bolt be lowered or
can you make the hole
from the other side? How
about a welded joint?

SECTION 15-15

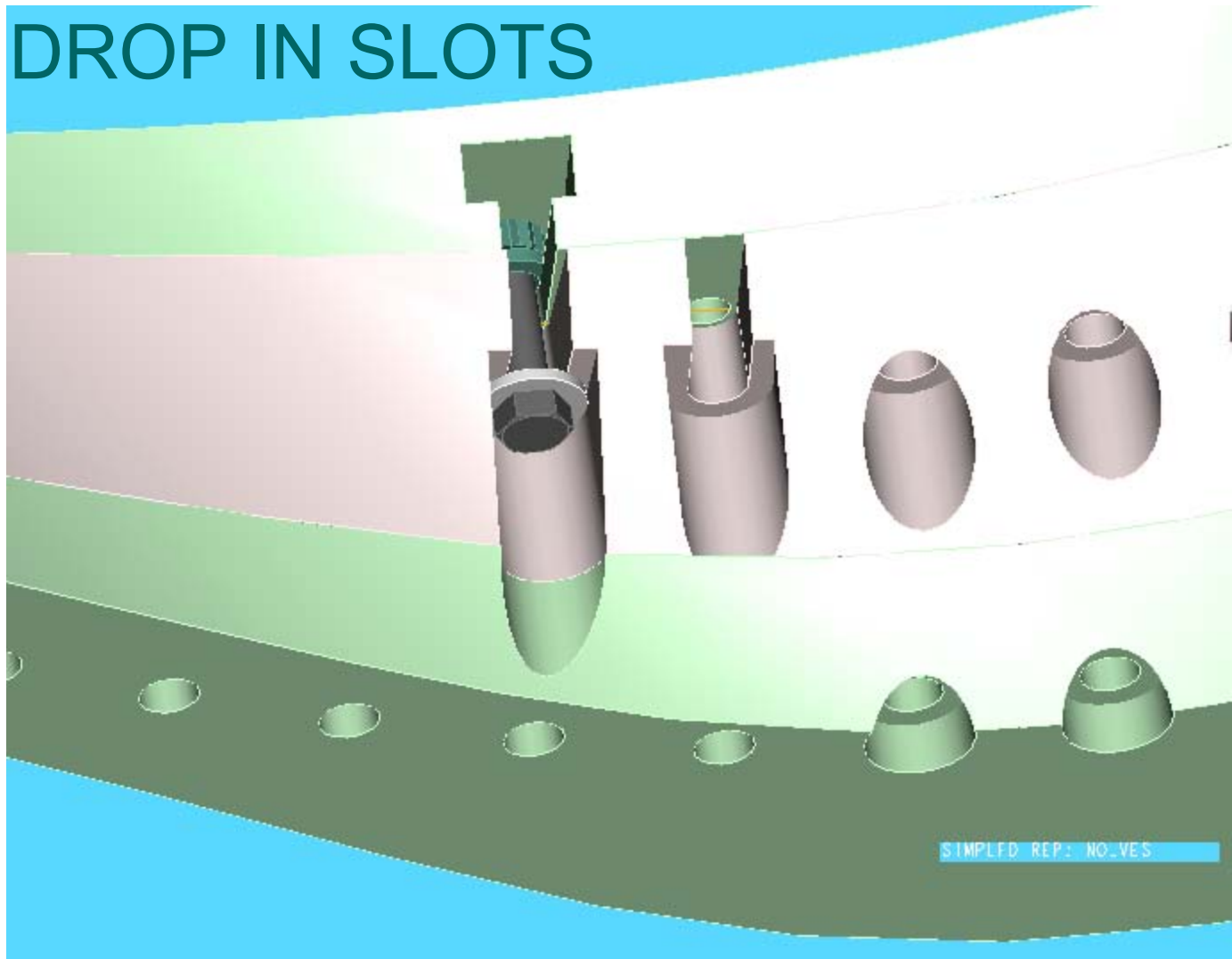
Current VV flange seal.ppt

CURRENT BOLTED JOINT WITH DROP IN SLOTS



Drop in bolt_half_far.ppt

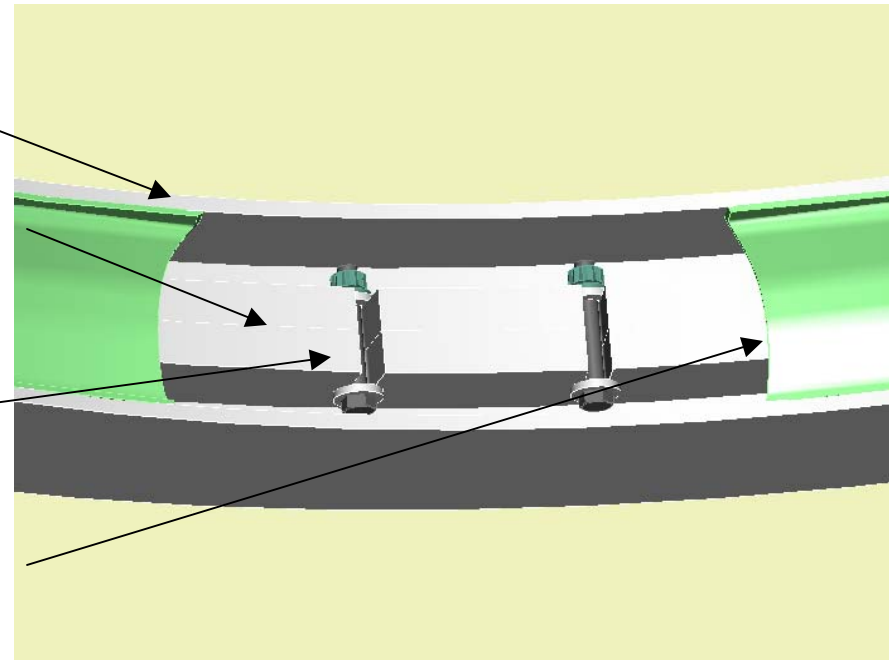
CURRENT BOLTED JOINT WITH DROP IN SLOTS



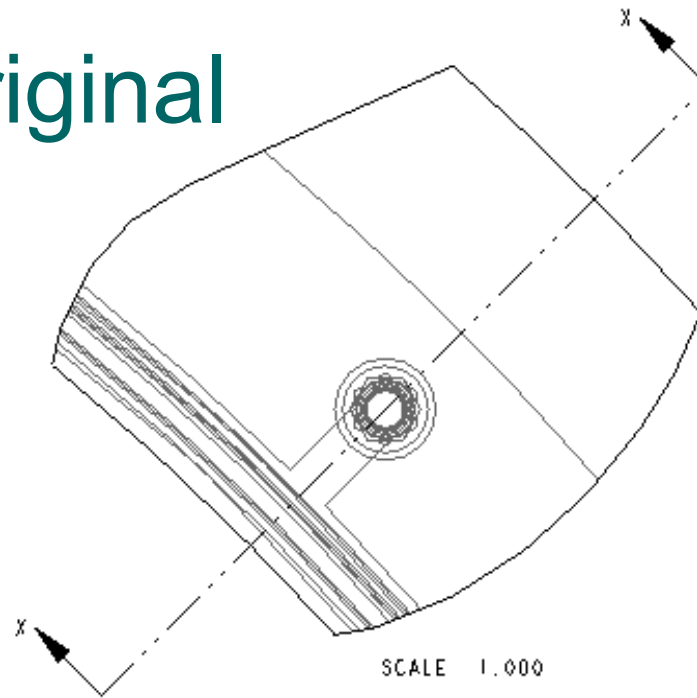
Drop in bolt_half_zoom.ppt

HYBRID JOINT

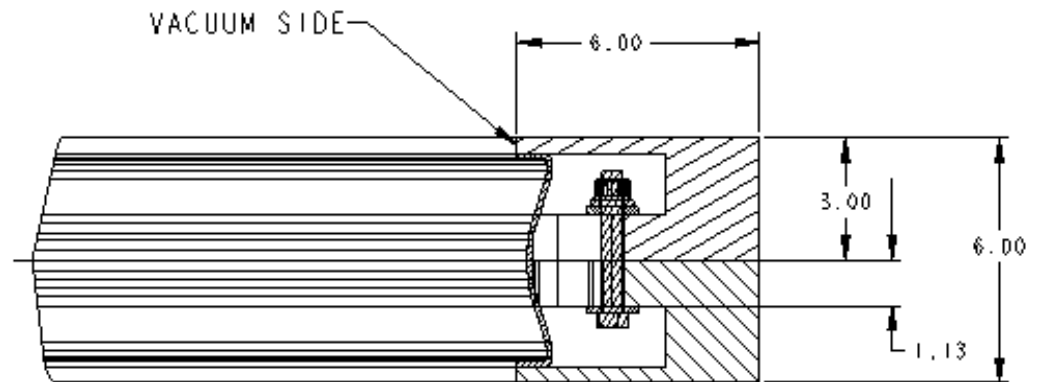
- Flanges welded to vessel segments
- Machinable spacer
- Drop-in bolts where necessary
- Thin seal cap seal welded over bolts on inside



HYBRID Original



- Cannot slide seal plate into place

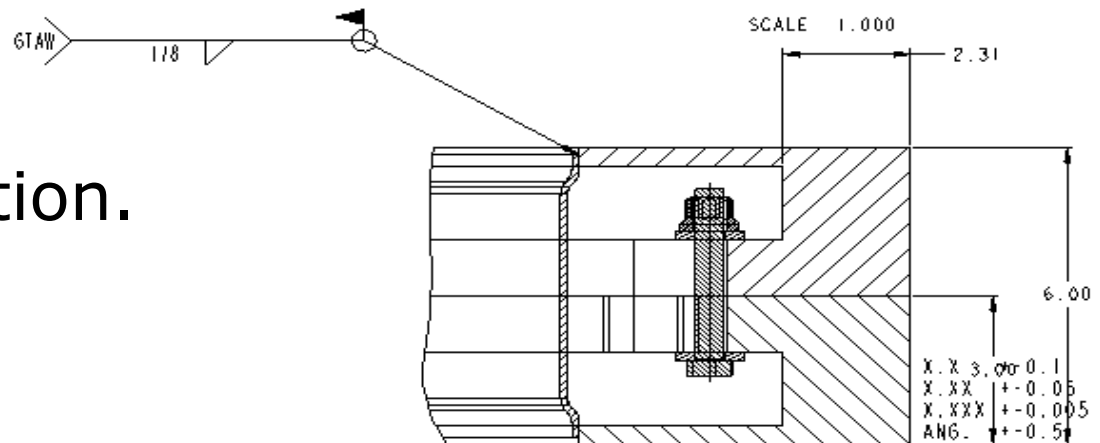
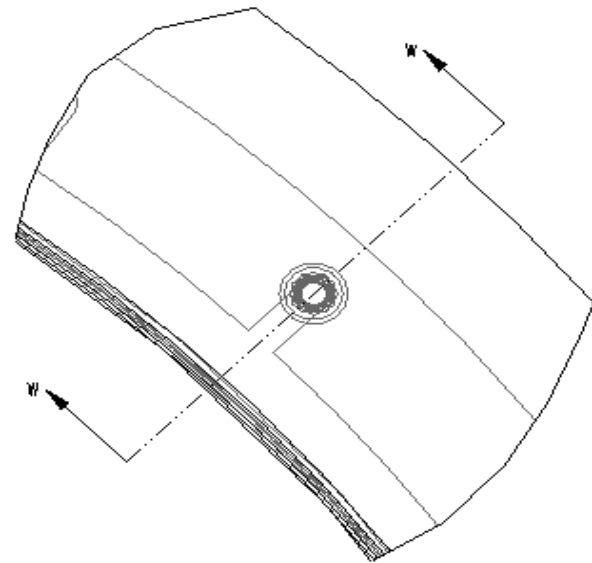


SECTION X-X
SCALE 0.500

X, X + -0.1
X, XX + -0.05
X, XXX + -0.005
ANG. + -0.5

HYBRID Convex

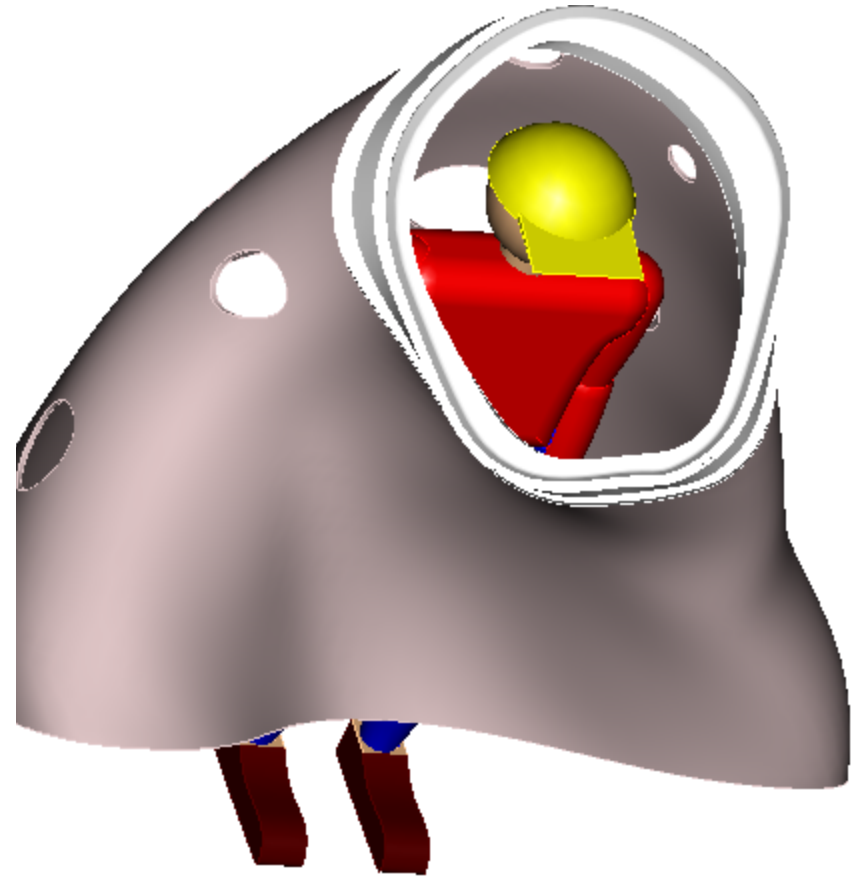
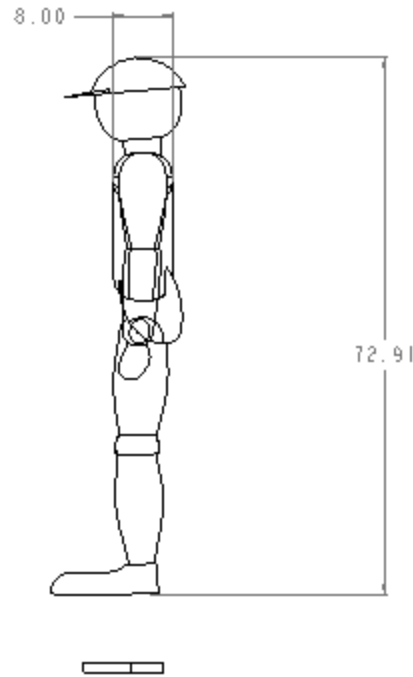
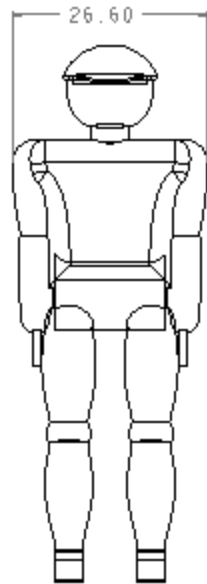
- Better but twist still makes it necessary to segment the seal plate so original is viable assuming segmentation.



SCALE : 0.083 TYPE : ASSEM NAME : B.FLAT.ASSY SIZE: 6.00x2.31x0.10

ACCESSIBILITY

This is a 6' tall 230 lb guy.
Space is limited but
welding from the inside is
possible.

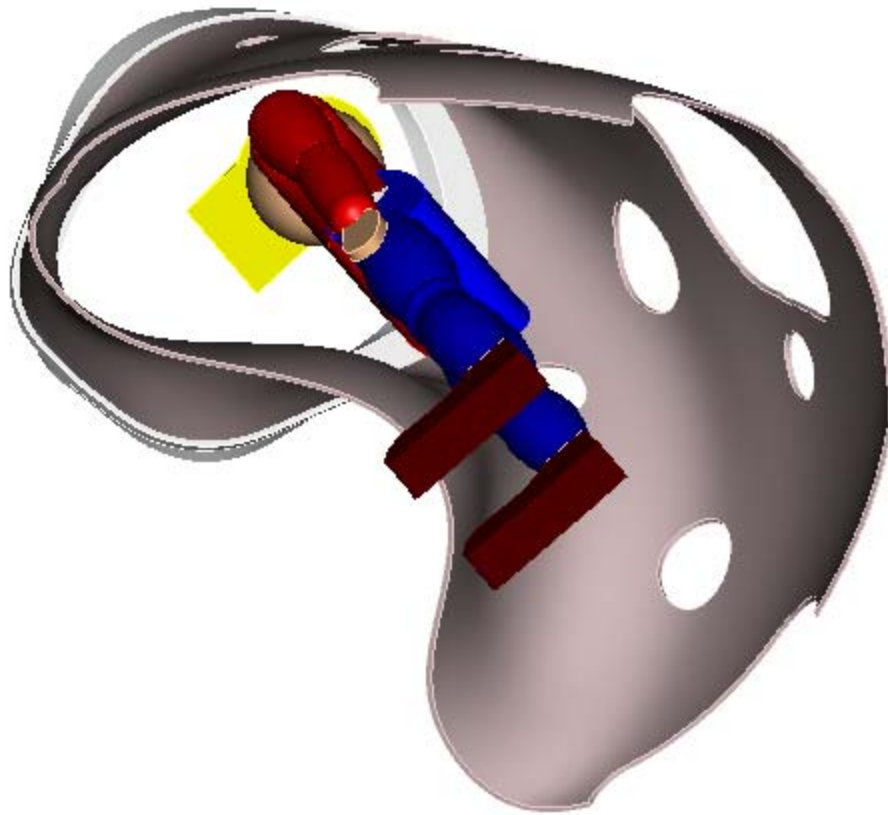


Husky man_deep_ves.ppt

ACCESSIBILITY

Another view

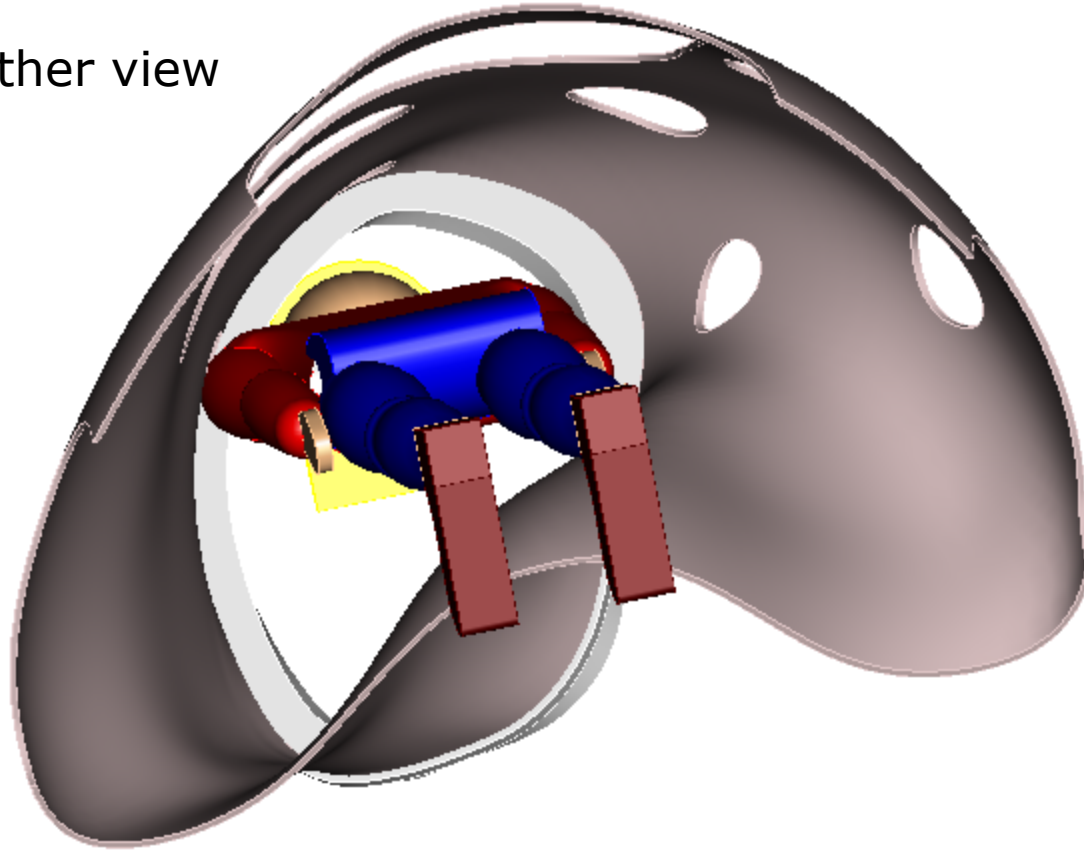
He would probably creep in from the NB port shown to the right.



Husky man_deep_feet.ppt

ACCESSIBILITY

Another view

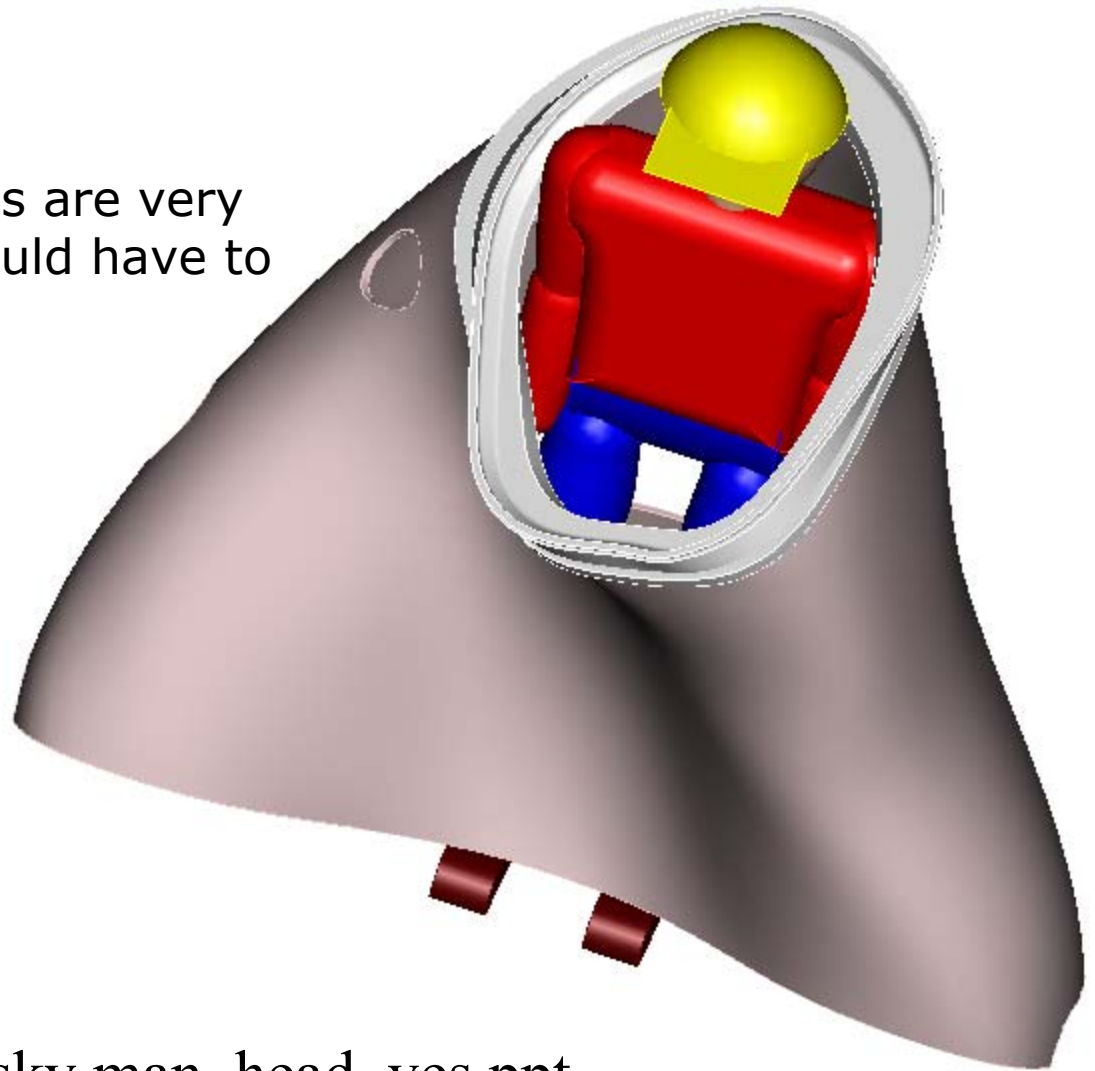


Husky man_feet_ves.ppt

ACCESSIBILITY

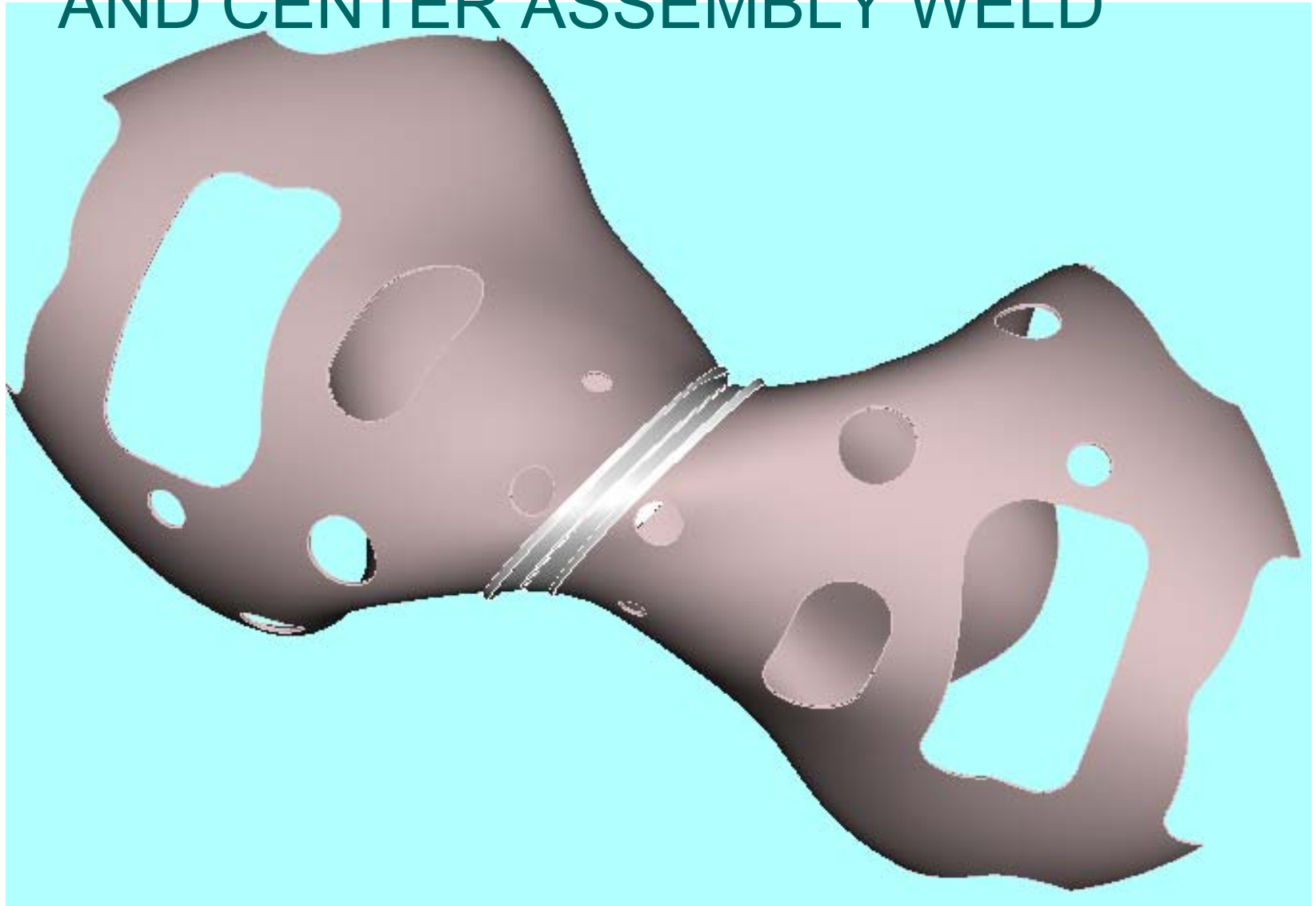
Another view

Certain positions are very tight and he would have to reach forward.



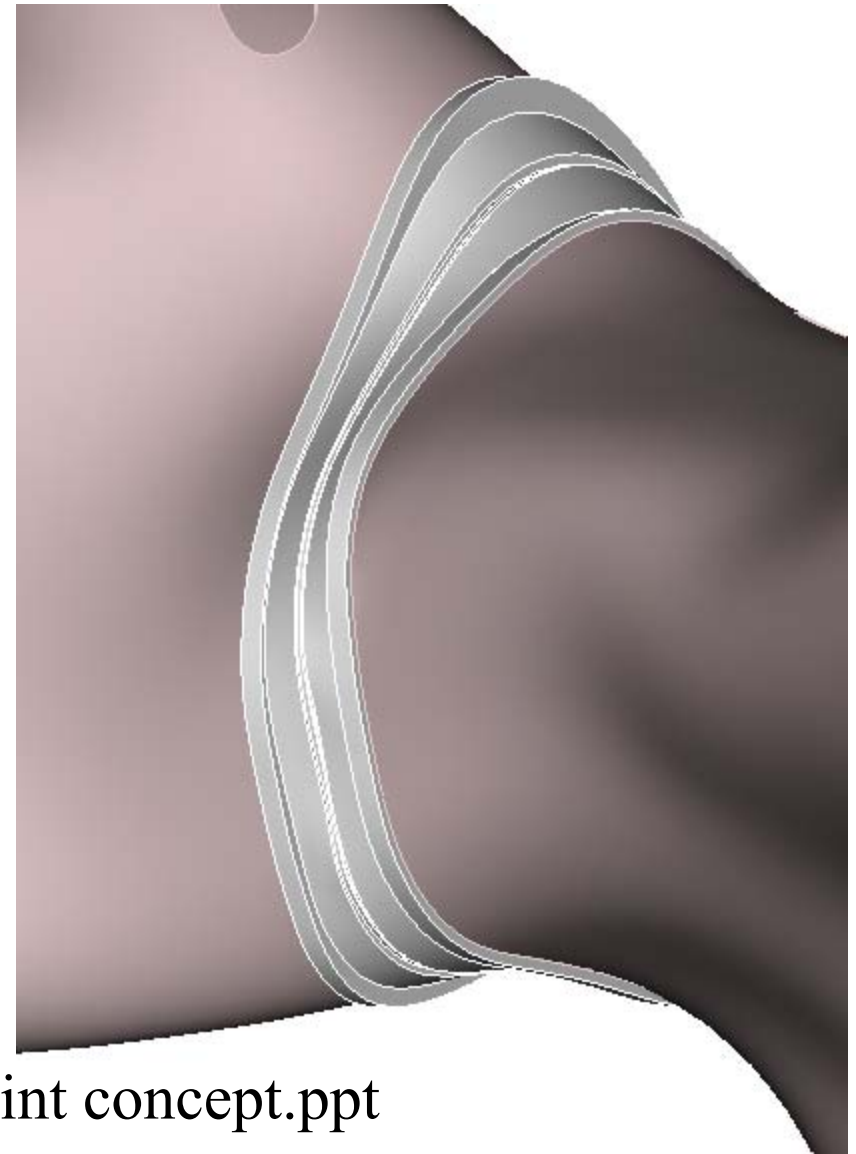
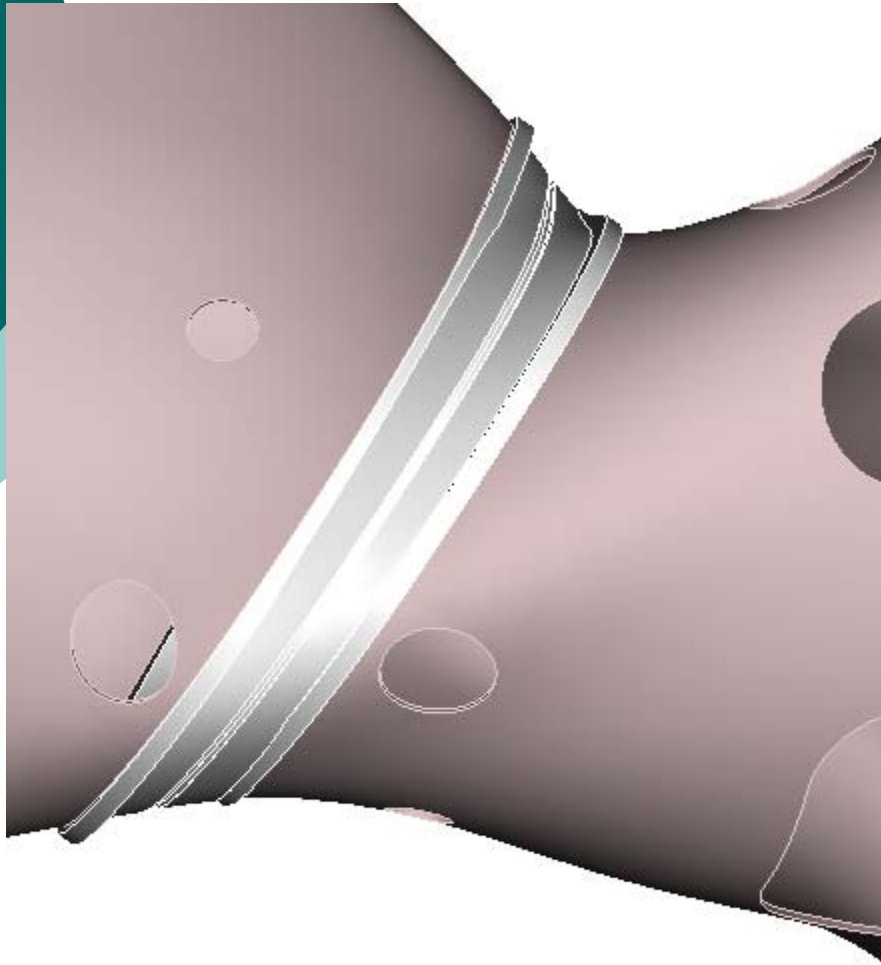
Husky man_head_ves.ppt

WELDED JOINT WITH 2 FACTORY WELDS AND CENTER ASSEMBLY WELD



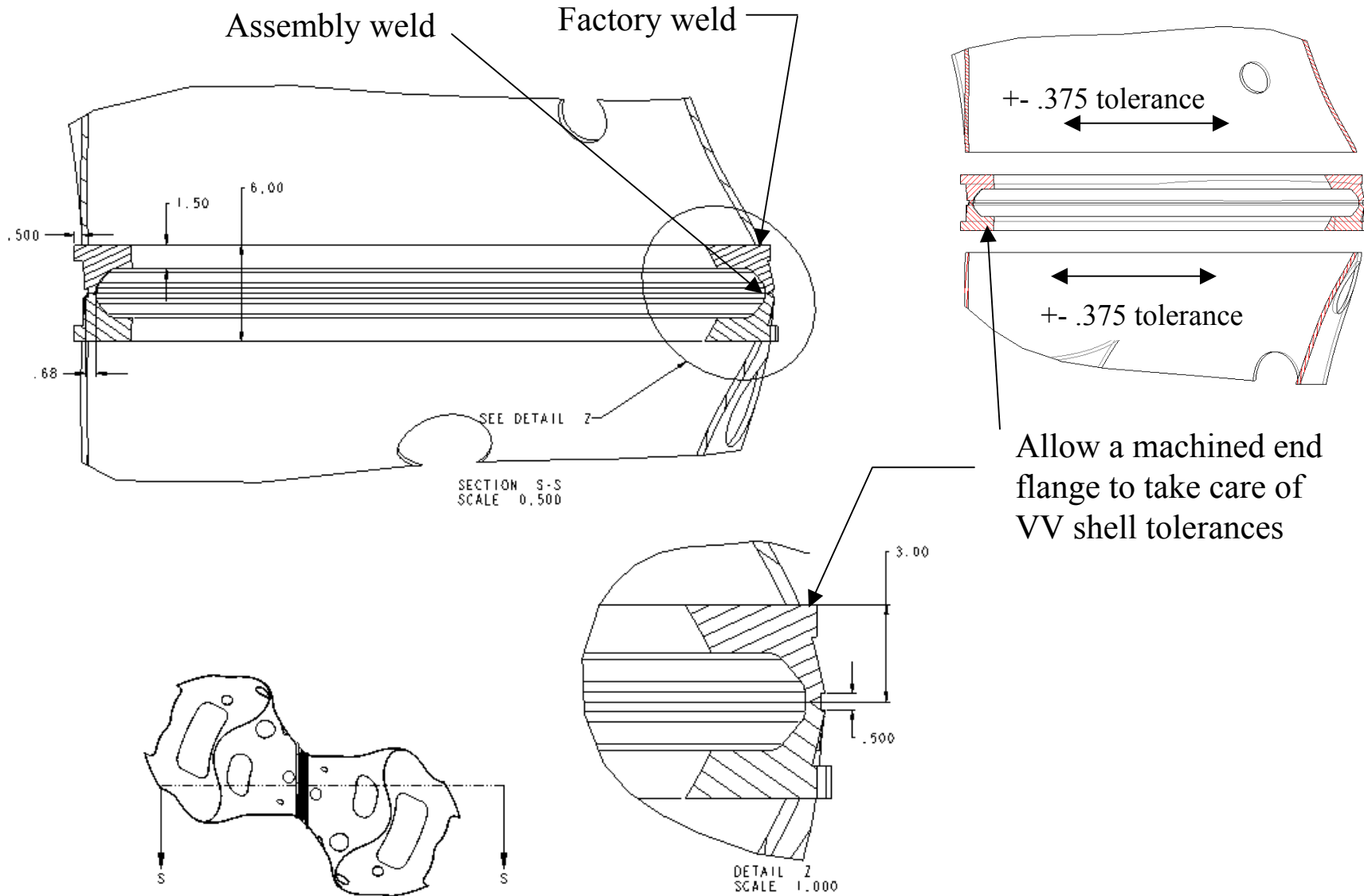
Tom's weld_joint.ppt

WELDED JOINT WITH 2 FACTORY WELDS AND CENTER ASSEMBLY WELD



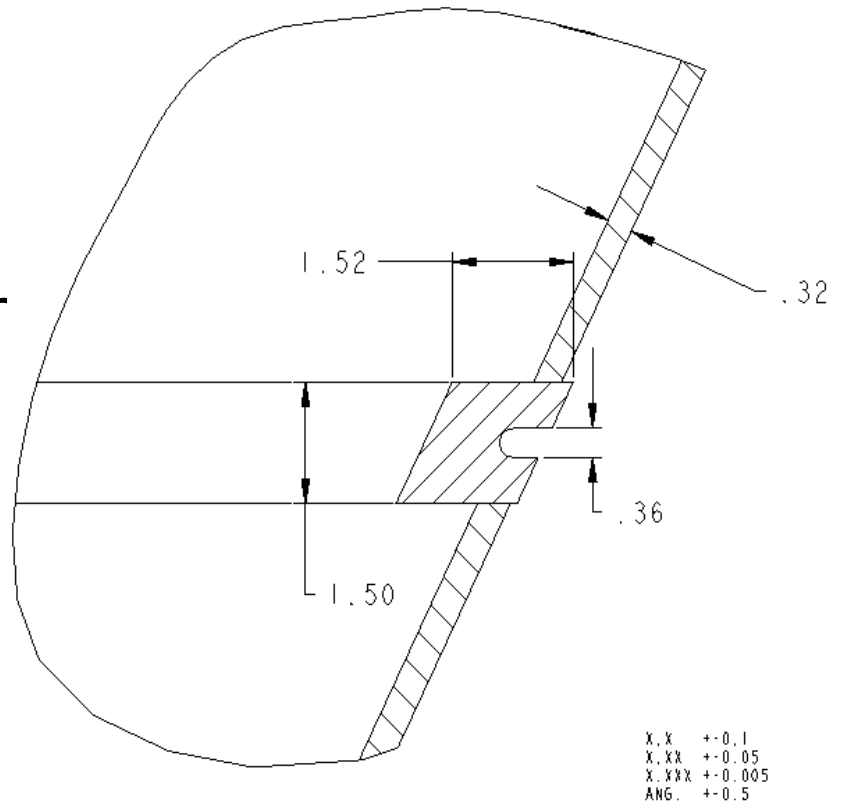
Tom's Welded VV joint concept.ppt

WELDED JOINT WITH 2 FACTORY WELDS AND CENTER ASSEMBLY WELD

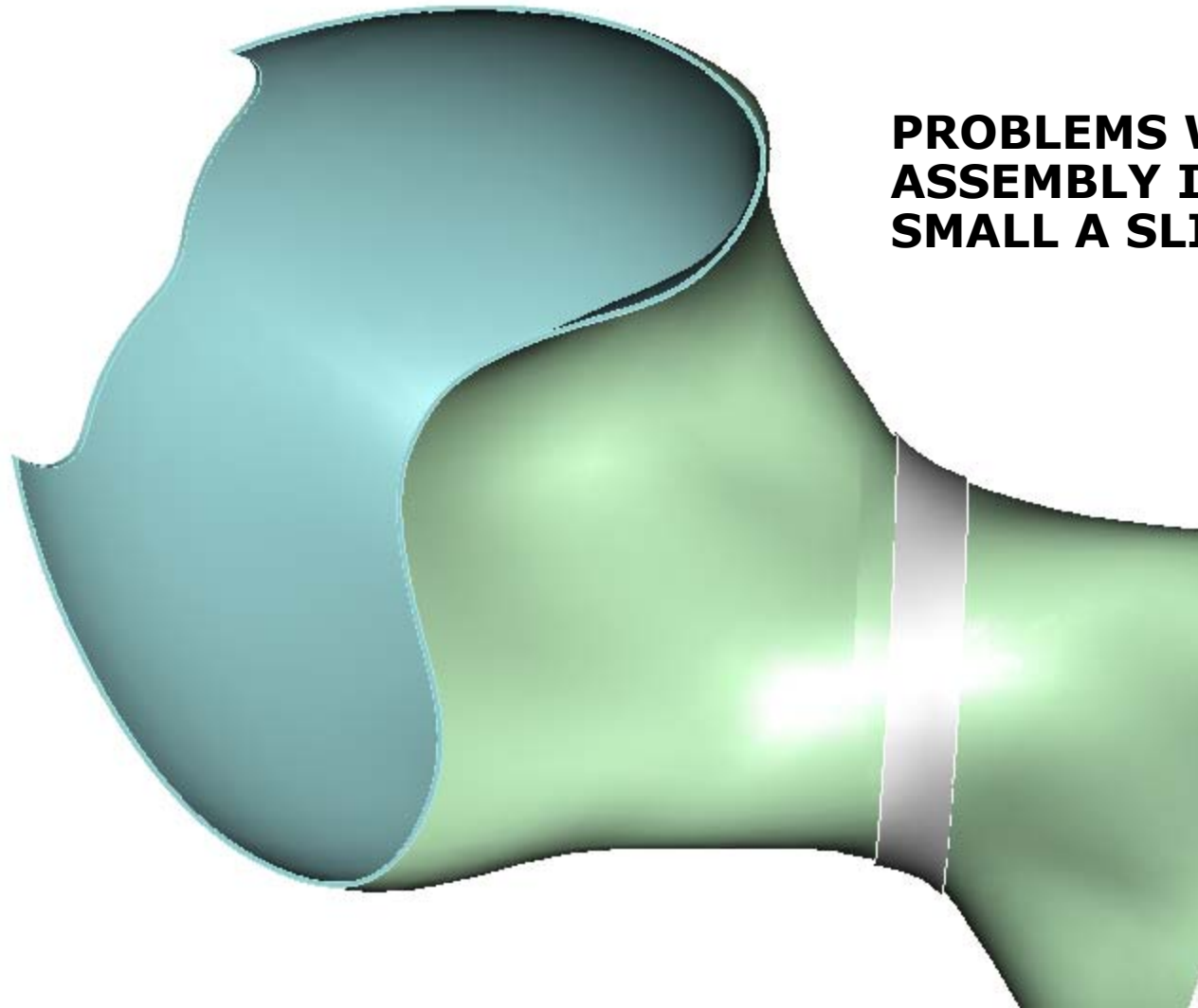


ONE PIECE WELDED SPACER

- Pre cast 3 spacers ready for machining. (Spacers can lay flat on mill.)
- Make a template of the vessel segment faces.
- Bring segments together without coils.
- Measure/make a template of the required spacer.
- Machine spacers including diamond wire cut groove



ONE PIECE WELDED SPACER



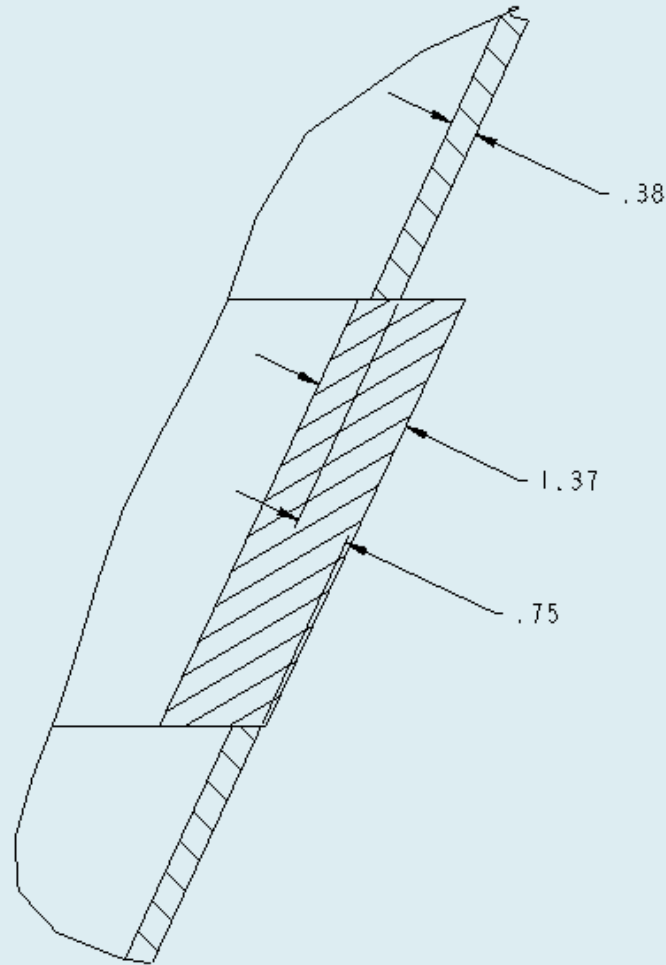
**PROBLEMS WITH
ASSEMBLY IF TOO
SMALL A SLICE.**



ONE PIECE WELDED SPACER

- Pre cast 3 spacers ready for machining. (Spacers can lay flat on mill.)
- Make a template of the vessel segment faces.
- Bring segments together without coils.
- Measure/make a template of the required spacer.
- Machine spacers.
 - Two diamond wire grooves for disassembly.
- Dangle in place
- Weld

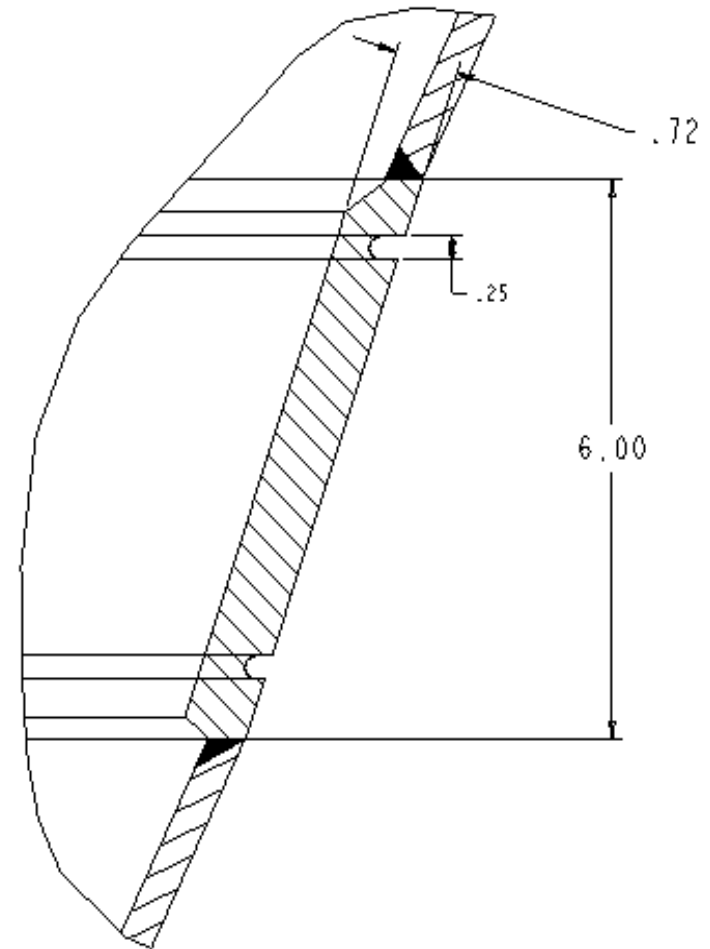
Precast spacer before machining showing maximum potential tolerance



SECTION Z-Z
SCALE 1.000

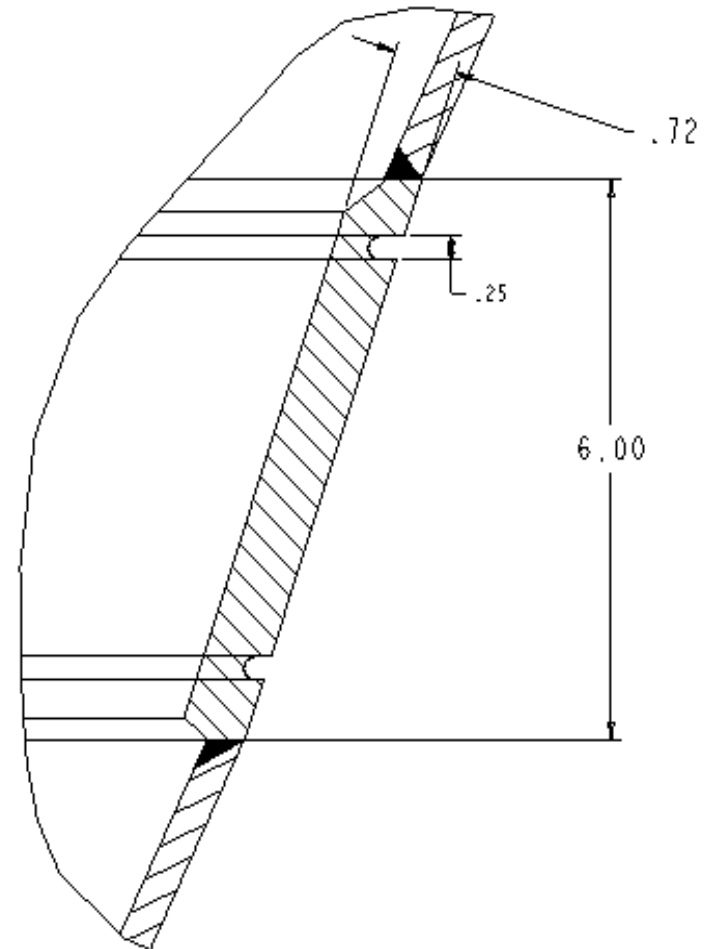
WELDED SPACER

- Worst case tolerance condition shown
 - Ask if tighter tolerance is reasonable between matching segment faces
- Machined on the outside
 - minimize interference with coil
 - Diamond wire groove added
- Machined on the inside
 - Minimize vessel intrusion
 - Tapered relief for weld access
- **Drawback** –
 - One shot at fitup
 - Weld might distort piece



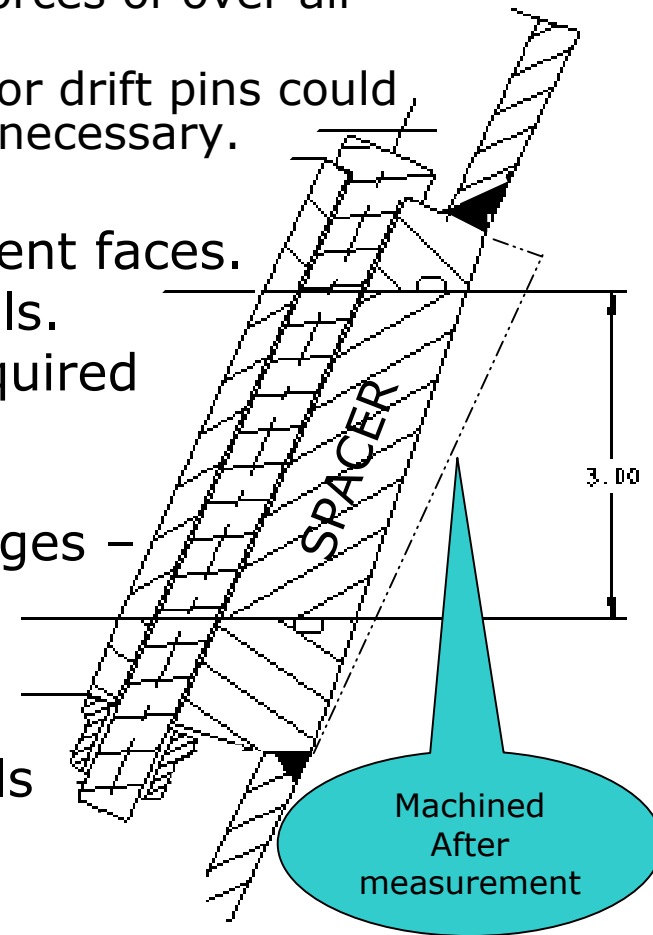
WELDED SPACER

○ COMMENTS?



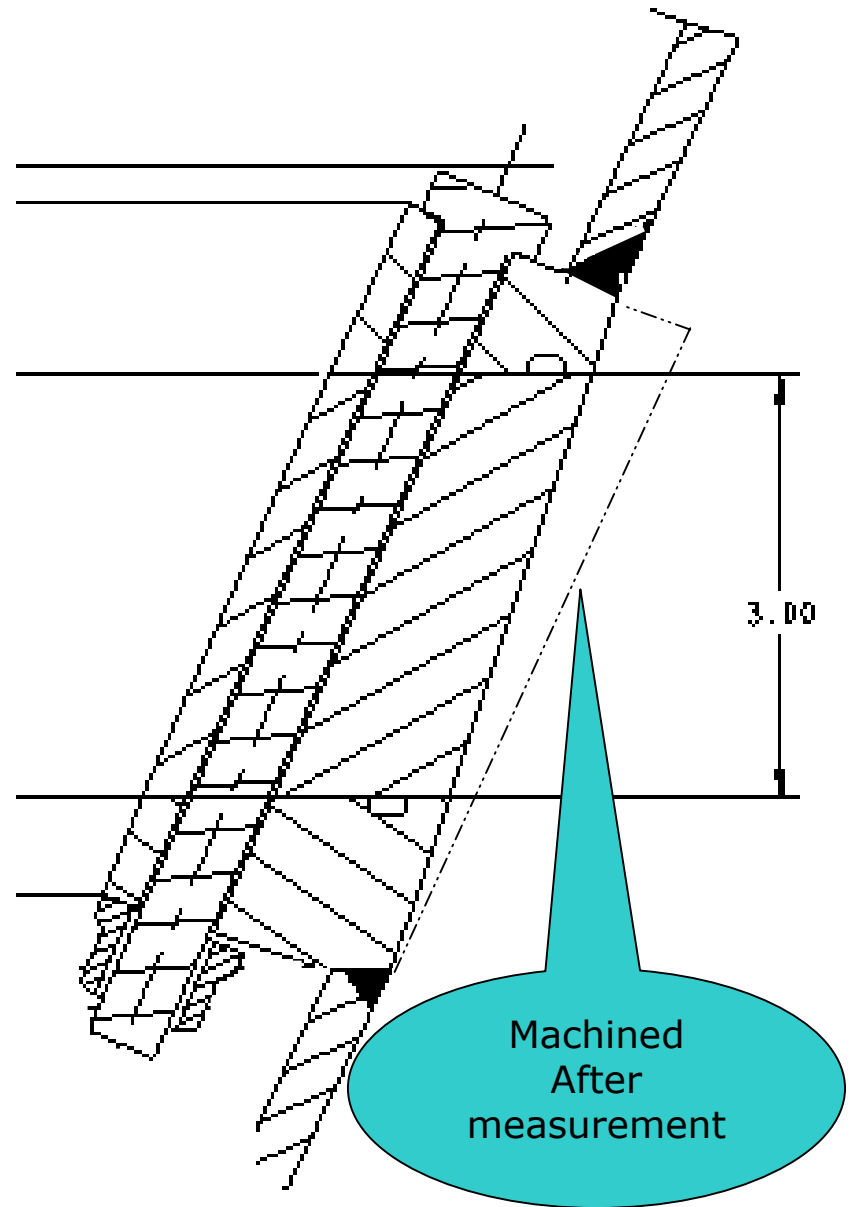
CONFORMING BOLTED JOINT

- Bolts are parallel to vessel surface:
 - Local axial friction should overbear any radial forces.
 - Opposite sides counter react radial forces of over all body.
 - A few close tolerance shoulder bolts or drift pins could be used to handle any shear force if necessary.
- Pre-assembled flanges with spacers.
- Make a template of the vessel segment faces.
- Bring segments together without coils.
- Measure/make a template of the required spacer.
- Machine spacer.
- With vessel assembled, weld on flanges –
 - Allows full pen from the outside.
- Unbolt joint
- Dangle spacers
- Reassemble vessel with modular coils



CONFORMING BOLTED JOINT

○ COMMENTS?





SUMMARY

- CURRENT BOLTED JOINT
 - Too complex, many questions
- CURRENT BOLTED JOINT WITH DROP IN SLOTS
 - Still complex, even more complicated fabrication
- HYBRID
 - Easier fabrication, seal plate covers bolts
- WELDED JOINT WITH CENTER ASSEMBLY WELD
 - Need wider slice
- WELDED JOINT WITH SIMPLE SPACER
 - One shot at fitup, weld might distort piece
- CONFORMING BOLTED JOINT
 - Best potential