NCSX

Product Specification

Modular Coil Winding Forms

NCSX-CSPEC-141-03-11

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Prepared By: _____

P. Heitzenroeder, Technical Representative for Modular Coil (WBS 14) Procurements

Concurred By: _____

D. Williamson, WBS Manager for Modular Coils (WBS 14)

Concurred By: _____

F. Malinowski, PPPL Procurement QA Representative

Approved by: _____

B. Nelson, Responsible Line Manager for Stellarator Core Systems (WBS 1)

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Record of Revisions

Revision	Date	Description of Changes					
Rev. 0	7/1/2004	Initial issue					
Rev 1.	7/5/2004	Revised Table 6-1					
Rev 2	7/20/2004	Updated Table 6-1 to Production Drawings					
Rev 3	8/4/2004	Jpdated Table 6-1 – Drawings se141-116 to se141-116r1 and					
		Drawing se141-116-nf.stp to se141-116-NFr1.stp					
Rev 4	9/17/2004	Updated specification to reflect final negotiated configuration:					
		 Added vendor information on alloy in Sections 3.1.1.1 and Revised Sections 4.2.5 and 4.2.7.2.1; and Updated Table 6-1 					
Rev 5	9/23/2004	Updated Table 6-1					
Rev 6	1/14/2005	Updated Table 6-1					
Rev 7	04/19/2005	Incorporated ECP-026 (MCWF Fast Response), ECP-028 (RFD-14-001), and RFD-14-002. Changes made include:					
		 Removed reference to a specific operation date in Section 1.1. Updated Table 3.2 to reflect correct units; Updated and/or revised Sections: 3.1.1.6.3; 3.1.1.7; 3.2.3.2.3; 4.2.1; 4.2.2; 4.2.2.5 (New); 4.2.8.1; 4.2.8.2; 6.1; and 6.2. Added Appendix A which identifies the high stress regions. 					

Rev 8	07/12/05	Incorporated ECP-033. Changes include:
		 Added ASTM A751-01, "Standard Test Methods, Practices, and Terminology for Chemical Analysis of Steel Products," to Section 2.1.1. Revised Section 3.1.1.1: Added note about alloy composition ranges; Revised Table 3-1: Changed Si from 0.5 to 0.7% max. Added Table 3-2 for weld material composition; Revised Table 3-4 : Changed yield from 34 ksi (234.4 MPa) to 30 ksi (206.8 Mpa); Revised Section 3.1.1.4 to change surface finish requirements. Revised Section 3.1.1.6.1: Clarified visual inspection requirements; Revised Section 3.2.3.1 to clarify stress relieving processes. Revised Section 4.2.1: clarified requirements for chemical analysis for each ladle and weld wire lot; Revised Section 4.2.2: Deleted the requirement for both transverse and longitudinal test specimens and clarified test specimen details; Revised Section 4.2.2.1, 4.2.2.2, 4.2.2.3:: Added " for the three zones…" for emphasis; Revised Section 4.2.2.5: Clarified wording for weld filler properties requirements. Revised Section 4.2.2.5: Clarified wording for weld filler properties requirements.
Rev 9	08/8/05	Incorporated RFD-14-004 and ECP-035. Changes include:
		 Updated drawings set per ECN#5009R1 Revised Table 3-1 reflect the change in chemical composition requirements for phosphorus and sulfur. Updated Table 6-1 added reference to new Appendix B to provide complete listing of drawings and their applicable revisions. Added new Appendix B to provide complete listing of drawings and their applicable revisions.

Rev 10	11/15/05	Incorporated RFD-14-005 RFD-14-006, RFD-14-008, and RFD-
		14-009R1: incorporated ECNs 5016 and 5026: and incorporated
		ECP-038. Changes include changes in requirements, clarifications
		and/or correction of omissions, and updated information on
		drawings and models and RFDs:
		Changes in Requirements:
		• Revised Section 1.2.1 to add the requirement for
		separate reporting of surface finish inspections in
		the tee area
		Devised Section 3117 to clarify radiographic
		inspection requirements as per MSS SD 54
		• Restored Section 3.1.1.8 to clarify and simplify
		inspection requirements within the high stress
		areas: flaw size changed to 0.080" major dimension
		in the web region of the tee. The base of the flange
		radiographic inspection requirement was removed
		Provised Section 3.2.3.2.2.3 to state that any defect
		(either surface or subsurface) that exceeds the
		defect size and depth should be repaired
		Eliminated any references to NCR requirement
		\circ Revised Section 4.2.6 to increase dimension
		inspection coverage of flange of the tee
		\circ Revised Sections 3.1.1.6.2, 4.2.7.2.1, and 4.2.7.2.2
		to add Level I liquid penetrant inspections for post-
		machining acceptance criteria.
		• Revised Section 4.2.8 to delete references to "pre-
		machining" and "post-machining" inspections for
		internal defects.
		• Clarifications and/or Correction of Omissions:.
		• Revised Section 3.1.1.5 on mag. permeability: now
		in two sub-sections, 3.1.1.5.1 which addresses the
		casting, including upgrades, and 3.1.1.5.2, which
		addresses fasteners and hardware. Also revised
		Section 4.2.4 accordingly.
		• Updated Section 3.1.1.1, to modify or add Table
		3-1, Table 3-2, Table 3-3, and Table 3-4 to clarify
		the chemical composition requirements for the
		casting alloy and weld wire.
		• Revised Section 3.1.1.6.1 to delete the reference to
		SCRATA graded references for machined surfaces.
		• Revised Sections 3.2.1 and 3.2.2.1 to clarify
		wording.
		• Revised Section 4.2.3.1 and 4.2.3.2 concerning
		electrical testing.
		• Revised Section 4.2.5 and expanded into four
		subparagraphs (Sections 4.2.5.1, 4.2.5.2, 4.2.5.3,
		and 4.2.5.4) added to clarify requirements.
		· -

Rev 10	11/15/05	 Updated information on Drawings/Models and RFDs Updated Table 6-1 to provide updated listing of zip files for ProE, STEP, and pdf files. These drawings and models incorporate changes outlined in RFD-14-009R1 and ECNs 5016 and 5026. Appendix B and Read Me file on Supplier FTP Site provide most recent revision for all drawings. Added new updated Table 6-2 U to replace Appendix B which was deleted. Renumbered and updated Table 6-4 to list all approved Requests for Deviation. Added RFDs 14-005, 14-006, 14-008, and 14-009R1. Updated Figure 7-1 to show high stress region.
Rev 11	2/7/2006	 Revised technical requirements to improve machining and inspection times as a result of technical meetings held at MTM the week of January 3, 2006. Changes were made to the following sections: 3.1.1.4 (Surface Finish) – Changed and clarified surface finish requirements in the "wing" area to permit "scalloping". New Figure 3-1 added to shows "scalloping" permitted in the "wing" area. 3.1.1.5.3 added to reflect relaxed permeability requirements for bearing plates per approved RFD-14-011. 3.1.1.8 modified to remove requirement for RT in combination with UT inspection – now either RT or UT inspection is satisfactory. 4.2.2.5 (Weld Filler Material) – provided alternate method (by supplier or material supplier) to verify weld filler material properties.

Rev 112/7/20064.2.5.3 (Verification of Relative Magnetic Permeabi Machined Surfaces) – simplified verification require
 List of approved RFDs now shown in Table 6-4 4.2.6 (Verification of Dimensions and Toleran revised and clarified verifications for all cast and ma surfaces. Clarified the verification methods accepts perform dimensional and tolerances checks f surfaces. Machined surfaces shall be checked in a or pattern provided NCSX for all of the ren winding forms. Drawings will be update included in Table 6-1, Table 6-2, and Table reflect this guidance. The revised pattern to verify the ground clear dimension in 7.2 is acceptable. Dimensional verification by CMM of the p break bushing holes and break flanges is with Rev. 11 of this document. In lieu of 0.002 inch "no-go" feeler gauge or pin gaug be used to verify that the fit-up of the p break flanges. Table 6-1 and Table 6-2 have been updated to reflatest approved drawings. Table 6-3 has been added to show the list of revised files since Revision 10 to this CSPEC. Added 7.2 (Appendix B) to show T-Base Gir Template Added 7.3 (Appendix C) to show inspection point d Figure 7-6 and Table 7-2.

Table of Contents

1	INT	RODUC	CTION AND SCOPE	1
	1.1	INTRODU	CTION	.1
	1.2	SCOPE		2
2	API	PLICAB	LE DOCUMENTS	2
	2.1	CODES AN		\mathbf{r}
	2.1	Ameri	can Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) Documents	2
	2.1.2	Manuf	acturers Standardization Society (MSS) of the Valve and Fittings Industry. Inc. Documents	2
•	DE			-
3	REG	QUIREN	1ENTS ITEM DEFINITION	2
	3.1	CHARACT	ERISTICS	3
	3.1.1	Perfor	mance	3
	3.	1.1.1 0	Chemical Composition of the Casting Alloy and Weld Wire	3
	3.	1.1.2	Mechanical Properties of the Casting Alloy and Welding Material	3
	3.	1.1.3 I	Electrical Requirements for the Poloidal Electrical Break	4
	3.	1.1.4 \$	Surface Finish	4
	3.	1.1.5 l	Relative Magnetic Permeability	4
		3.1.1.5.1	Relative Magnetic Permeability of Winding Form	4
		3.1.1.5.2	Relative Magnetic Permeability of Winding Form Fasteners and Miscellaneous Hardware	.5
		3.1.1.5.3	Relative Magnetic Permeability of Winding Form Bearing Plates	5
	3.	1.1.6 l	External Defects	5
		3.1.1.6.1	Visual Examination	5
		3.1.1.6.2	Liquid Penetrant Examination of Casting	5
		3.1.1.6.3	Liquid Penetrant Inspection of High Stress Regions	5
	3.	1.1.7 l	Radiographic Inspection	5
	3.	1.1.8	Inspection for Internal Defects in the High Stress Areas	5
	3.2	DESIGN A	ND CONSTRUCTION	6
	3.2.1	Produc	ction Drawings	6
	3.2.2	Dimen	sions and Tolerances	6
	3.	2.2.1	Measurement	6
	3.	2.2.2	Fiducials	6
	3.2.3	Standa	rds of Manufacture	6
	3.	2.3.1	Heat Treatment	6
	3.	2.3.2	Repairs	7
		3.2.3.2.1	Non-Weld Repairs	7
		3.2.3.2.2	Weld Repairs	7

		3.2.3.2.	2.1 Minor Weld Repairs	7
		3.2.3.2.	2.2 Major Weld Repairs	7
		3.2.3.2.	2.3 Repairs in High Stress Areas	7
4	QU	ALITY A	SSURANCE PROVISIONS	
	4.1	RESPONSIE	BILITY FOR INSPECTION	8
	4.2	QUALITY (CONFORMANCE INSPECTIONS / VERIFICATIONS	8
	4.2.1	Verifica	ation of Chemical Composition	8
	4.2.2	2 Verifica	ation of Mechanical Properties of the Casting Alloy and Weld Material	8
	4	.2.2.1 V	erification of Yield Strength and Elastic Modulus	9
	4	.2.2.2 V	erification of Ultimate Tensile Strength and Elongation	9
	4	.2.2.3 V	erification of Charpy V-Notch Energy	9
	4	.2.2.4 A	dditional Test Material	
	4	.2.2.5 W	Veld Filler Material	10
	4.2.3	3 Verifica	ation of the Electrical Properties of the Poloidal Break	
	4	.2.3.1 N	fid-Plane Insulation	
	4	.2.3.2 B	olt Insulation	10
	4.2.4	4 Verifica	ation of Surface Finish	10
	4.2.5	5 Verifica	ation of Relative Magnetic Permeability	
	4	.2.5.1 W	Veld Repairs	
	4	.2.5.2 C	ast Surfaces	
	4	.2.5.3 N	Iachined Surfaces	11
	4	.2.5.4 F	asteners and Hardware	11
	4.2.6	5 Verifica	ation of Dimensions and Tolerances	
	4.2.7	7 Inspect	ion for External Defects	
	4	.2.7.1 V	'isual Inspection	
	4	.2.7.2 L	iquid Penetrant Inspections	
		4.2.7.2.1	General Liquid Penetrant Inspection	
		4.2.7.2.2	Post Machining Liquid Penetrant Inspection	
	4.2.8	3 Inspect	ion for Internal Defects	
5	PR	EPARAT	ION FOR DELIVERY	
	5.1	MARKING		12
	5.2	CLEANING		
	5.3	CRATING.		
	5.4	SHIPPING.		13

6	TAI	BLES OF APPROVED MODELS/DRAWINGS AND DEVIATIONS	13
	6.1	TABLES OF MODELS AND DRAWINGS	13
	6.2	TABLE OF APPROVED DEVIATIONS	15
7	APF	PENDICES	16
	7.1	APPENDIX A: IDENTIFICATION OF HIGH STRESS REGIONS FOR PRODUCTION MCWF	16
	7.2	APPENDIX B: VERIFICATION OF THE GROUND CLEAR SPACE DIMENSION	20
	7.3	APPENDIX C: INSPECTION POINTS	22

List of Figures

Figure 1-1 Typical Machined Modular Coil Winding Form 1
Figure 3-1 Wing Surface Finish Requirements 4
Figure 4-1 Definition of Zones for Test Specimens
Figure 7-1 – Identification of High Stress Zones 17
Figure 7-2 – High Stress Region Identification for Type-C MCWF 18
Figure 7-3 – High Stress Region Identification for Type-B MCWF 19
Figure 7-4 High Stress Region Identification for Type-A MCWF 20
Figure 7-5 T-Base Grinding Template
Figure 7-6 Inspection Points Nomenclature

List of Tables

Table 3-1 V	Weight % of Chemical Constituents in Casting Alloy	3
Table 3-2 V	Weight % of Chemical Constituents of Bare Weld Wire	3
Table 3-3	Weight % of Chemical Constituents of Covered Welding Electrodes	3
Table 3-4	Minimum Mechanical Properties	4
Table 6-1	Production Modular Coil Winding Form Models and Drawings 1	3
Table 6-2	Updated Drawings List	3

Table 6-3 List of Updated Step Files	14
Table 6-4 Approved Deviations	15
Table 7-1 Definition of High Stress Region Based on Flange Hole Numbers	17
Table 7-3 List of Inspection Point Files	23

1 INTRODUCTION AND SCOPE

1.1 INTRODUCTION

Stellarators are a class of magnetic fusion confinement devices characterized by three dimensional magnetic fields and plasma shapes and are the best-developed class of magnetic fusion devices after the tokamak. The stellarator concept has greatly advanced since its invention by Dr. Lyman Spitzer, the founding director of the Princeton Plasma Physics Laboratory (PPPL), during the 1950's. A traditional stellarator uses only external magnetic fields to shape and confine the plasma. The National Compact Stellarators." The differentiating feature of a compact stellarator is the use of plasma current in combination with external fields to accomplish shaping and confinement. This combination permits a more compact device. The NCSX project is managed by PPPL in partnership with the Oak Ridge National Laboratory. This Subcontract will be administered by PPPL.

The winding forms are austenitic (non-magnetic) stainless steel structures that are one of the most important components of the modular coils and the NCSX device. The winding forms perform two very important functions: (1) the conductors are wound on the winding forms, and are located in precise position by these forms; (2) the winding forms serve as their structural support during assembly and operation. There are three (3) distinct shapes of winding forms. Six (6) of each are required for a total of eighteen (18). The winding forms shall be manufactured by casting followed by machining. A machined winding form is illustrated in Figure 1-1. This figure is intended to be illustrative only and not to be used for manufacture; specific models and drawings shall provide the technical details needed for manufacturing.



Figure 1-1 Typical Machined Modular Coil Winding Form

1.2 SCOPE

This specification establishes the manufacturing and acceptance requirements for the National Compact Stellarator Experiment (NCSX) Modular Coil Winding Forms. There are three different types of Winding Forms, identified as type A, B, and C.

2 APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS

2.1 CODES AND STANDARDS

- 2.1.1 American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) Documents 1
 - A703/A703M-03 "Standard Specification for Steel Castings, General Requirements for Pressure Containing Parts".
 - A751-01 "Standards Test Methods, Practices, and Terminology for Chemical Analysis of Steel Products".
 - A800/A800M-01 "Standard Practice for Steel Casting, Austenitic Alloy, Estimating Ferrite Content Thereof".
 - A802/A802M–95 "Standard Practice for Steel Castings, Surface Acceptance Standards, Visual Examination".
 - A903/A903/M–99 "Standard Specification for Steel Castings, Surface Acceptance Standards, Magnetic Particle, and Liquid Penetrant Inspection".
- 2.1.2 Manufacturers Standardization Society (MSS) of the Valve and Fittings Industry, Inc. Documents 2
 - MSS SP-54-2001: "Quality Standard for Steel Castings for Valves, Flanges, Fittings, and Other Piping Components; Radiographic Inspection Method".

3 REQUIREMENTS ITEM DEFINITION

The items covered by this Specification are Type A, Type B, and Type C winding forms. This includes the castings, all associated machining, all poloidal break hardware, and all associated processing, testing, quality control, documentation, packaging, and shipping.

¹ Publications are available from

http://www.astm.org/cgi-bin/SoftCart.exe/index.shtml?E+mystore.

² Publications are available from Manufacturers Standardization Society of the Valve and Fittings Industry, Inc., 127 Park Street, NE, Vienna, Virginia 22180p, Tel. (703)-281-6613.

3.1 CHARACTERISTICS

3.1.1 Performance

3.1.1.1 Chemical Composition of the Casting Alloy and Weld Wire

The winding forms are to be cast from an alloy with its chemical composition being in accordance with Table 3-1. The chemical composition of the weld material shall comply with Table 3-2 for bare wire electrodes or Table 3-3 for covered electrodes.

	<u>C</u>	<u>Mn</u>	<u>Si</u>	<u>Cr</u>	<u>Ni</u>	<u>Mo</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>S</u>	<u>N</u>
Min. %	.040	2.3		18.0	13.0	2.1			.24
Max. %	.070	2.8	0.7	18.5	13.5	2.5	0.035	0.025	.28

Table 3-1 Weight % of Chemical Constituents in Casting Alloy

	<u>C</u>	<u>Mn</u>	<u>Si</u>	<u>Cr</u>	<u>Ni</u>	<u>Mo</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>S</u>	<u>Cu</u>	<u>N</u>
Min. %		5.0		19.0	15.0	2.5				
Max. %	0.03	9.0	1.0	22.0	18.0	4.5	0.03	0.02	0.3	0.3

Table 3-2 Weight % of Chemical Constituents of Bare Weld Wire

	<u>C</u>	<u>Mn</u>	<u>Si</u>	<u>Cr</u>	<u>Ni</u>	<u>Mo</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>S</u>	<u>Cu</u>	<u>N</u>
Min. %		2.5		16.5	14.0	2.5				0.1
Max. %	0.04	4.0	0.9	19.5	17.0	3.5	0.03	0.025	0.5	0.2

Table 3-3 Weight % of Chemical Constituents of Covered Welding Electrodes

3.1.1.2 Mechanical Properties of the Casting Alloy and Welding Material

The properties of the winding form casting alloy and welding material for each casting shall meet or exceed the mechanical properties requirements stated in Table 3-4. Note that the properties required are identical for casting alloy and weld material except for elongation.

Temperature	77K	293K
Elastic Modulus	21 Msi (144.8 Gpa)	20 Msi (137.9 Gpa)
0.2% Yield Strength	72 ksi (496.4 Mpa)	30 ksi (206.8 Mpa)
Tensile Strength	95 ksi (655 Mpa)	78 ksi (537.8 Mpa)
Elongation (Casting)	32%	36%
Elongation (Weld Material)	25%	28%
Charpy V – notch Energy	35 ft. lbs. (47.4 J)	50 ft-lbs (67.8 J)

Table 3-4 Minimum Mechanical Properties

3.1.1.3 Electrical Requirements for the Poloidal Electrical Break

The resistance of the mid-plane insulation and of the bolt insulation shall be >500 kohms when tested at 100 VDC.

3.1.1.4 Surface Finish

The two "L" machined surfaces of the tee must have a RMS (root mean square) surface finish $<125 \mu$ -inches. In the wing and pocket areas, as-machined surfaces are acceptable, as are scallops that fall within the dimensional tolerance (see Figure 3-1). Transitions shall be gradually blended over a minimum 2" length. All other machined surfaces must have a RMS (root mean square) surface finish $<250 \mu$ -inches. The finished part shall be free of sharp edges and burrs.



Figure 3-1 Wing Surface Finish Requirements

3.1.1.5 Relative Magnetic Permeability

3.1.1.5.1 Relative Magnetic Permeability of Winding Form

The local relative magnetic permeability of any point in the winding form (including the base metal and weld repairs) shall not exceed 1.02.

3.1.1.5.2 Relative Magnetic Permeability of Winding Form Fasteners and Miscellaneous Hardware

The local relative magnetic permeability of any modular coil fasteners and hardware shall not exceed 1.02.

3.1.1.5.3 Relative Magnetic Permeability of Winding Form Bearing Plates

The local relative magnetic permeability of any modular coil bearing plates shall not exceed 1.03.

3.1.1.6 External Defects

3.1.1.6.1 Visual Examination

Cast surfaces shall be free of visual external defects as defined in ASTM A802/A802M (using SCRATA graded reference comparators) Level III. Discontinuities not meeting the evaluation criteria shall be repaired per Section 3.2.3.2. (Repairs).

3.1.1.6.2 Liquid Penetrant Examination of Casting

Each casting shall be free of external defects as defined in ASTM A903/A903M Level II for ascast areas and Level I for machined surfaces. Discontinuities not meeting the evaluation criteria shall be repaired per Section 3.2.3.2 (Repairs).

3.1.1.6.3 Liquid Penetrant Inspection of High Stress Regions

High stress areas, as defined in Appendix A (7.1), shall be free of external defects as defined in ASTM A903/A903M Level I when checked by liquid penetrant inspection. Discontinuities not meeting the evaluation criteria shall be repaired per Section 3.2.3.2.2.3 (Repairs in High Stress Areas).

3.1.1.7 Radiographic Inspection

Each casting shall be free of internal radiographic indications of defects as defined in MSS SP 54 for radiography. Defects exceeding these limits shall be repaired per Section 3.2.3.2 (Repairs).

3.1.1.8 Inspection for Internal Defects in the High Stress Areas

Each casting shall be free of internal defects exceeding 0.080" (major dimension) in the web region of the Tee in the High Stress Areas (as defined in Appendix A - 7.1). Radiographic inspection (RT) or ultrasonic (UT) inspections shall be used. Radiographic inspections shall be performed as defined in MSS SP 54. UT inspections shall be performed in accordance with procedures and personnel qualifications submitted to PPPL for approval prior to use. Defects

exceeding these limits shall be repaired per Section 3.2.3.2 (Repairs) *if performed prior to any significant amount of machining has been accomplished.* Defects exceeding those limits which are identified after the winding form is significantly machined (i.e., within 0.25" of final dimensions) shall be reported on an NCR for evaluation. Repairs at that stage shall only be made if formally approved in the disposition of the NCR, and as defined in the NCR disposition.

3.2 DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION

3.2.1 Production Drawings

These items shall be fabricated in accordance with the Pro/Engineer CAD files listed in Table 6-1. These files are located at the production winding form ftp site:

ftp://ftp.pppl.gov/pub/ncsx/manuf/production_winding_form

3.2.2 Dimensions and Tolerances

3.2.2.1 Measurement

Strict adherence to the dimensions and tolerances defined in the production drawings referenced in Section 3.2.1 is required. All dimensions are for 20 C; actual measurements shall be temperature compensated for 20 C.

3.2.2.2 Fiducials

The Supplier shall provide eighteen (18) or more permanent targets that are in known relationship to the CAD model of the winding form. Three (3) fiducials (spherical seats) shall be provided on each flange surface; four (4) targets shall be visible for each setup of machined features, and four (4) targets shall be visible from any exterior view of the winding form.

3.2.3 Standards of Manufacture

3.2.3.1 Heat Treatment

The casting shall be heat treated prior to final measurements of mechanical properties and relative magnetic permeability. In addition, stress relieving shall be performed after all major weld repairs (as defined in Section 3.2.3.2.2.2) and radiography (as defined in Section 3.1.1.7) is completed at the foundry. Minor weld repairs, as defined in Section 3.2.3.2.2.1, will be allowed without subsequent stress relief. The temperature and duration of the stress relieving process shall be reviewed and approved by PPPL. Heat treatment records shall be prepared and maintained as defined in S21 of ASTM Specification A703/A703M, and supplied to PPPL.

3.2.3.2 Repairs

3.2.3.2.1 Non-Weld Repairs

When defects are removed by grinding without violating minimum wall thickness requirements, the ground area shall be re-inspected by the original inspection method to verify complete defect removal. Discontinuities which are/will be completely removed during machining operations do not need to be weld repaired.

3.2.3.2.2 Weld Repairs

Weld repairs may be necessitated to (1) repair casting defects when defect removal involves excavation beyond wall thickness limitations or (2) to repair gouges or other machining errors. Welding procedure qualification tests shall include evidence of compliance with the magnetic permeability requirements of Section 3.1.1.5, as well as compliance with the mechanical properties listed in Table 3-4. Weld preparation shall be per Section S10 of ASTM Specification A703/A703M. Weld repairs must meet the inspection criteria of Sections 3.1.1.6 and 3.1.1.7.

3.2.3.2.2.1 Minor Weld Repairs

Weld repairs smaller than those defined in 3.2.3.2.2.2 below, as Major Weld Repairs, shall be welded in accordance with Section 3.2.3.2.2.

3.2.3.2.2.2 Major Weld Repairs

Repairs shall be considered major when the depth of the cavity prepared for welding exceeds 20 % of the actual wall thickness or 1 inch, whichever is smaller, or when the extent of the cavity exceeds approximately 10 in². Weld Maps (showing size and location as required by ASTM A703/A703M S20) shall be prepared for each major weld repair cycle. The weld map shall be delivered to PPPL no later than 24 hours after the start of welding. Major weld repairs during machining operations shall necessitate the issuance of a Non-Conformance Report to address the conditions that led to the need for welding. The weld repairs may proceed while the NCR is being dispositioned.

3.2.3.2.2.3 Repairs in High Stress Areas

Rejectable surface defects which are less than 0.125" in depth shall be eliminated by grinding. Rejectable surface defects which exceed this depth, as well as any rejectable subsurface defects shall be repaired per Section 3.2.3.2.2(Weld Repairs). The High Stress Areas are defined in Appendix A (7.1).

4 QUALITY ASSURANCE PROVISIONS

4.1 RESPONSIBILITY FOR INSPECTION

The responsibility for performing all tests and verifications rests with the supplier. PPPL reserves the right to witness or separately perform all tests specified or otherwise inspect any or all tests and inspections.

4.2 QUALITY CONFORMANCE INSPECTIONS / VERIFICATIONS

The winding form shall be subject to all Quality Conformance Inspections listed below. However, the poloidal break shims shall only be subject to Section 4.2.1 (Verification of Chemical Composition), 4.2.4 (Verification of Surface Finish), 4.2.5 (Verification of Relative Magnetic Permeability), 4.2.6 (Verification of Dimensions and Tolerances), 4.2.7.1 (Visual Inspection), 4.2.7.2.2 (Post Machining Liquid Penetrant Inspection), and 4.2.8 (Inspection for Internal Defect).

4.2.1 Verification of Chemical Composition

The chemical composition of the casting alloy shall be measured for compliance with the requirements stated in Section 3.1.1.1 and shall be provided for each ladle used in each casting. The weighted average, per ASTM A751, is required to meet the chemistry of Table 3-1. The chemical composition for each lot of welding material shall also be reported to ensure compliance with the requirements in Section 3.1.1.1. If any of the ladles used deviates from the chemistry given in Table 3-1, a product analysis from the attached test specimens from each of the three zones may be required at PPPL's discretion.

4.2.2 Verification of Mechanical Properties of the Casting Alloy and Weld Material

The mechanical properties of the casting alloy for each winding form must be verified by testing. The test specimens shall be fabricated from "attached specimens" which are located as near as possible to the winding form casting (or from a substitute approved in writing by PPPL). Properties must be verified for each of the 3 zones identified in Figure 4-1 below. The specimen material shall be heat treated simultaneously with the winding form; during the heat treatment this material shall be located adjacent to the zone from which it was derived in order to represent as closely as possible the properties of that material. Each specimen shall be engraved or cast with the casting number and zone to permit traceability. This data shall be supplied to PPPL within 30 days of the casting date. Test specimens are to be retained, with identification traceable to the test results, and provided to PPPL with the corresponding casting.



Figure 4-1 Definition of Zones for Test Specimens

4.2.2.1 Verification of Yield Strength and Elastic Modulus

The yield strength at 0.2% offset strain and the elastic (Young's) modulus shall be verified for the cast stainless steel in the as heat-treated condition at room temperature and 77K for the three zones specified in Section 4.2.2 for each casting. Test specimen coupons shall be tested in accordance with ASTM A703/A703M-03, Paragraphs 6 and 7.

4.2.2.2 Verification of Ultimate Tensile Strength and Elongation

The ultimate tensile strength and elongation for the cast stainless steel in the as heat-treated condition at room temperature and 77K shall be verified for the three zones specified in Section 4.2.2 for each casting. Tensile test specimen coupons shall be tested in accordance with ASTM A703/A703M-03, Paragraphs 6 and 7.

4.2.2.3 Verification of Charpy V-Notch Energy

The Charpy V-Notch energy of the casting alloy at room temperature and 77K shall be measured for the three zones specified in Section 4.2.2 for each casting. Specimen coupons shall be cast and heat treated with each winding form and tested in accordance with ASTM A703/A703M-03, Paragraph 6.

4.2.2.4 Additional Test Material

Three samples at least 3" x 3" x 1" shall be provided for each zone of the casting. These test plates shall be attached to or part of the casting and shall be heat treated simultaneously with the casting. The test samples shall be located next to their corresponding zones of the casting so the heat treatment they receive are as near as possible to that of the casting. All supplied material shall be engraved or stamped with low stress stamps with the casting and zone as described in Section 4.2.2. These samples shall be shipped to PPPL where they will be archived for possible use in materials testing.

4.2.2.5 Weld Filler Material

The properties of Section 3.1.1.2 shall also be verified for each lot of the weld material at RT and 77K. Alternatively, typical mechanical properties provided by the material manufacturer will be accepted as verification if the manufacturer's material certification of actual chemical composition, documenting compliance with the manufacturer's published specification, is provided.

4.2.3 Verification of the Electrical Properties of the Poloidal Break

4.2.3.1 Mid-Plane Insulation

The resistance of the mid-plane electrical insulation shall be measured for compliance with the requirements stated in Section 3.1.1.3. The insulation resistance between the mid-plane poloidal break shim and winding form shall be measured. During this test, the bolts should be in their normal state (i.e., electrically "floating"). The mid-plane shim shall be connected to one side of the megger, and the casting shall be connected to the other.

4.2.3.2 Bolt Insulation

All of the bolts shall be electrically connected (jumpered) together in one group. The mid-plane casting (shim) and the winding form shall be electrically connected together in a second group. The insulation resistance between the jumpered bolts (group 1) and the jumpered winding form and mid-plane (group 2) shall be measured for compliance with the requirements stated in Section 3.1.1.3

4.2.4 Verification of Surface Finish

All machined surfaces shall be inspected for compliance with surface finish requirements specified in Section 3.1.1.4. Either a surface profilometer or comparator can be used. Location and actual results shall be reported areas that do not comply with Section 3.1.1.4.

4.2.5 Verification of Relative Magnetic Permeability

All cast surfaces, features, fasteners, and hardware shall be checked with a calibrated Severn Permeability Indicator for compliance with Sections 3.1.1.5.1 and 3.1.1.5.2. Relative magnetic

permeability that exceeds 1.02 must be documented on a nonconformance report and will require approval on a case-by-case basis. Permeability measurements shall be per Supplementary Requirements S24 of ASTM Spec. A703/A703M and S1 of ASTM A800/A800M, except that the results shall be expressed as relative permeability, μ , Mu, rather than ferrite content (FN).

4.2.5.1 Weld Repairs

Accessible weld repairs shall be checked at a minimum of 1 point per every 2 sq. in. of surface area or 3 points per repair, whichever is smaller.

4.2.5.2 Cast Surfaces

Relative magnetic permeability measurements shall be made on all surfaces of the final casting at locations approximately 6 inches apart (to approximate a 6 inch x 6 inch grid).

4.2.5.3 Machined Surfaces

To verify that cold work due to machining did not result in unacceptable levels of magnetic permeability, spot checks shall be performed along the "T" at locations in alignment with every 5^{th} hole along the top of the "T". At each location, 6 spots (3 on each side - 2 on the vertical web and 1 on the base) along the machined "T" shall be checked.

4.2.5.4 Fasteners and Hardware

Fasteners and hardware shall be inspected at a minimum of 3 points per item.

4.2.6 Verification of Dimensions and Tolerances

All cast surfaces, machined surfaces and features such as holes, ports, supports, etc. shall be dimensionally checked to assure compliance with Section 3.2.2. Cast surfaces of MCWF's shall be checked at 50 locations on the outer cast surfaces and 50 locations on the inner cast surfaces of the shell at locations roughly equally spaced to permit the generation of an "as built" model. Machined surfaces of the MCWF's shall be checked in a defined pattern provided in revised drawings included in Table 6-1, Table 6-2, and Table 6-3 to reflect this guidance.

For all castings, the location of every other tapped hole in the "T" shall be verified by CMM. The thread and cleanliness of every hole shall also be verified.

The adequacy of the ground clear space dimension at the base of the T shall be verified using the pattern shown in Figure 7-5 of Appendix B (Section 7.2).

It should be noted that dimensional verification by CMM of the poloidal break bushing holes and break flanges is waived with Rev. 11 of this document. In lieu of this, a 0.002 inch "no-go" feeler gauge or pin gauge shall be used to verify that the fit-up of the polodal break flanges and bushings do not exceed this dimension.

4.2.7 Inspection for External Defects

4.2.7.1 Visual Inspection

All of the casting features shall be inspected to assure compliance with Section 3.1.1.6.1 (Visual Inspection).

4.2.7.2 Liquid Penetrant Inspections.

4.2.7.2.1 General Liquid Penetrant Inspection

All surfaces of the casting shall be liquid penetrant inspected to assure compliance with Section 3.1.1.6.2 (Liquid Penetrant Examination of Casting) (ASTM A903 Level II). Certified test reports shall be per ASTM A903, Supplementary Requirement S1. Surfaces shall be prepared by abrasive blast per standard foundry procedures.

4.2.7.2.2 Post Machining Liquid Penetrant Inspection

All machined surfaces shall be liquid Penetrant inspected to assure to assure compliance with Section 3.1.1.6.2 (Liquid Penetrant Examination of Casting) (ASTM A903 Level I). Certified test reports shall be per ASTM A903, Supplementary Requirement S1.

4.2.8 Inspection for Internal Defects

Each casting shall be examined for internal defects as defined in ASTM Spec. A703/A703M using radiographic inspection per Supplementary Requirement S5. Penetrameters shall be used to demonstrate a sensitivity of at least 2% of the thickness being measured. Acceptance criteria shall be as defined in Section 3.1.1.7 (Radiographic Inspection) and Section 3.1.1.8 (High Stress Areas).

5 PREPARATION FOR DELIVERY

5.1 MARKING

Each winding form shall have the supplier's name, a serial number (drawing number and a unique identifier), and the part weight engraved or stamped with characters ¹/₄ inches high. The marking shall be located as shown in the part drawing.

5.2 CLEANING

The winding forms shall be degreased/cleaned using a solvent which must be able to dissolve grease, oils and other soils, and leave the casting residue free. No chips, burrs, oil, etc. shall remain in any of the tapped holes.

5.3 CRATING

The crate shall protect the winding form from shock and weather conditions, including precipitation. The crate shall be built for moving on rollers, handling with slings from overhead cranes, and transport by forklifts. The part shall be totally wrapped with a plastic protective film.

5.4 SHIPPING

Supplier is responsible for arranging shipment, and for the safe arrival of each winding form at PPPL in Princeton, New Jersey, USA. Subcontractor's name, shipper, purchase order number, contents and gross weight shall be marked on the shipping container.

6 TABLES OF APPROVED MODELS/DRAWINGS AND DEVIATIONS

6.1 TABLES OF MODELS AND DRAWINGS

Table 6-1 provides the complete listing of zip files which includes all the approved drawings, ProE models, and STEP files. They can be found on the Supplier FTP site at:

ftp://ftp.pppl.gov/pub/ncsx/manuf/production_winding_form

ZIP File	Model Description (from Pro/Intralink database, edited)
production_mcwf_proe Rev7.zip	ZIP file containing all ProE models for the winding forms.
production_mcwf_stp_ Rev7.zip	ZIP file containing all STEP files for the winding forms.
production_mcwf_pdf_ Rev7.zip	ZIP file containing all pdf drawing files.

Note: Filename indicates revision of Zip File only. Revision numbers of drawings/files within the Zip File are indicated by the individual filename of each drawing/file. Table 6-2 lists all the drawings and their applicable revision number.

DRAWING NO.	REV	REL DATE	MODEL NO.	DESCRIPTION
SE141-101	3	2/2/06	SE141-101	MOD COIL WINDING FORM ASM TYPE-A
SE141-102	3	2/2/06	SE141-102	MOD COIL WINDING FORM ASM TYPE-B
SE141-103	3	11/18/05	SE141-103	MOD COIL WINDING FORM ASM TYPE-C
SE141-048	2	2/2/06	SE141-048	POL BREAK SHIM ASM TYPE-A
SE141-058	2	2/2/06	SE141-058	POL BREAK SHIM ASM TYPE-B
SE141-078	2	11/18/05	SE141-078	POL BREAK SHIM ASM TYPE-C
DS141-036	2	11/18/05	SE141-036	STUD, 1.375-6UNC-2A X 9.5 LG
DS141-038	0	7/20/04	SE141-038	INSULATING WASHER - OBSOLETE
DS141-060	1	11/18/05	SE141-060	NUT, 12PT HEX 1.375-6UNC-2B
DS141-079	Deleted	N/A	SE141-079	WASHER, 2.75 OD X 1.66 ID X 0.5 THK
SE141-114	6	2/2/06	SE141-114	PRODUCTION WINDING FORM TYPE-A
SE141-115	6	2/2/06	SE141-115	PRODUCTION WINDING FORM TYPE-B
SE141-116	8	2/2/06	SE141-116	PRODUCTION WINDING FORM TYPE-C
SE141-137	1	1/12/06	SE141-137	MCWF POL BREAK BEARING PLATE TYPE C

SE141-138	1	1/12/06	SE141-138	MCWF POL BREAK BEARING PLATE TYPE C
SE141-139	0	1/12/06	SE141-139	MCWF POL BREAK BEARING PLATE TYPE B
SE141-140	0	1/12/06	SE141-140	MCWF POL BREAK BEARING PLATE TYPE B
SE141-141	0	1/12/06	SE141-141	MCWF POL BREAK BEARING PLATE TYPE A
SE141-142	0	1/12/06	SE141-142	MCWF POL BREAK BEARING PLATE TYPE A

DRAWING NO.	REV	REL DATE	MODEL NO.	DESCRIPTION
SE141-048	2	2/2/06	SE141-048	POL BREAK SHIM ASM TYPE-A
SE141-058	2	2/2/06	SE141-058	POL BREAK SHIM ASM TYPE-B
SE141-114	6	2/2/06	SE141-114	PRODUCTION WINDING FORM TYPE-A
SE141-115	6	2/2/06	SE141-115	PRODUCTION WINDING FORM TYPE-B
SE141-116	8	2/2/06	SE141-116	PRODUCTION WINDING FORM TYPE-C

Table 6-3 List of Updated Step Files

6.2 TABLE OF APPROVED DEVIATIONS

Deviation Number	Description	Date Approved	Impacted Documents
NCSX-RFD-14-001	RFD-14-001, Revised Location of Part Number in MCWF Casting	3/30/2005	Drawing SE-141-114 shows the reference location of the pattern/casting identification number for Type A coils. No change in that drawing is planned, at least not until all of the Type A coils are fabricated.
NCSX-RFD-14-002	RFD-14-002, Change in dimensional inspection for C1 casting.	4/15/2005	Deleted MIT/QA Plan second dimensional inspection – deemed redundant.
NCSX-RFD-14-003	RFD-14-003, Relaxation of material testing requirements	6/8/2005	Deleted requirement in CSPEC to test material in the transverse and longitudinal direction.
NCSX-RFD-14-005	RFD-14-005, For C1 only -Waiver of Post Machining Inspection for Internal Defects in High Stress Area & Radiography on Weld Repair	9/15/2005	Approved for C1 Casting Only.
NCSX-RFD-14-006	RFD-14-006, Deletion of Erroneous Requirement in Section 3.1.1.6.1 of the Modular Coil CSPEC (NCSX- CSPEC-141-03)	9/15/2005	Approved. Revision 10 to CSPEC incorporated this change.
NCSX-RFD-14-008	RFD-14-008, C! Casting - Add Additional G11CR Shim Pieces for the Poloidal Break	9/22/2005	Approved for C1 Only. Revision 10 to CSPEC incorporated this change for rest of castings.
NCSX-RFD-14-009R1	RFD-14-009R1, Proposed Drawing Changes Resulting from Inspection of C1 Casting at PPPL	10/24/2005	Approved. Revision 10 to CSPEC incorporated this change.
NCSX-RFD-14-010	RFD-14-010, Material Change for Terminal Lugs for MCWF	12/14/2005	Approved. Drawings updated to reflect this change.
NCSX-RFD-14-011	RFD-14-011, Change in Magnetic Permeability for MCWF Type C Bearing Plate	12/20/2005	Approved. Only applicable to Type C Bearing Plates – will evaluate deviation requests on a case-by-case basis
NCSX-RFD-14-012	RFD-14-012 Relaxation of Tolerances on SE141-116	1/17/2006	Approved. Only applicable to remaining Type C castings. Drawings for Type A and Type B will be modified accordingly.
NCSX-RFD-14-013	RFD-14-013 Change to Type C-4 Through C-6 Flange Seats from a Spherical Seat to a Conical Seat	1/26/2006	Approved. Only applicable to remaining Type C castings (C-4 through C-6). Drawings for Type A and Type B will be modified accordingly.

Table 6-4 Approved Deviations

7 APPENDICES

7.1 Appendix A: Identification Of High Stress Regions For Production MCWF

Figure 7-1, Figure 7-2, Figure 7-3, Figure 7-4 High Stress Region Identification for Type-A MCWF

, and Table 7-1 of this appendix identify the high stress areas and show a numbering scheme for the 3/8-16UNC tapped holes in the tee. Per the proposal of Major Tool, every tenth hole shall be identified by etching. The high stress region shall be identified as the web of the "tee" cross-section.

The base of the "tee" cross-section in all regions where the minimum machined thickness is < 2" between profile points "P" and "Q" on Detail A, Sheet 2 of drawings SE141-114 (shown below for illustrative purposes), SE141-115, and SE141-116, that is located in between the hole numbers shown in Table 7-1 or be or between the coordinates shown in Figure 7-1 (for type C for illustration only) and Table 7-1.



MCWF Type	Hole No. (Start)	Hole No. (End)
C (Fig. 1)	45	65
B (Fig. 2)	55	75
A (Fig. 3)	20	35

Figure 7-1 –	Identification	of High	Stress	Zones
Figure 7-1 -	Inclution	or mgn	511 (35	Lones

 Table 7-1
 Definition of High Stress Region Based on Flange Hole Numbers

The figures also show approximate dimensions, including ¹/₂-in. stock material allowance, from the flat surfaces of the casting to the start and end locations. These dimensions shall be used to identify the high stress regions prior to machining. Figure 7-2 (Type C), Figure 7-3 (Type B), and Figure 7-4 (Type A) depict the high stress region identification for each type casting.



Figure 7-2 – High Stress Region Identification for Type-C MCWF



Figure 7-3 – High Stress Region Identification for Type-B MCWF



Figure 7-4 High Stress Region Identification for Type-A MCWF

7.2 Appendix B: Verification Of The Ground Clear Space Dimension

Figure 7-5 below shows the revised T-Base Grinding Template to be used for verifying the ground clear space dimension of the Type A and Type B winding forms. The template shall be used along the entire length of the T.



Figure 7-5 T-Base Grinding Template

7.3 Appendix C: Inspection Points

Figure 7-6 and Table 7-2 which follow provide the inspection point details.



Figure 7-6 Inspection Points Nomenclature

File	Revision	Issue Date	Description
type_c_tee_ab.txt	0	2/3/06	Tee Points, Type-C, Side-A Web
type_c_tee_cd.txt	0	2/3/06	Tee Points, Type-C, Side-A Base
type_c_tee_ef.txt	0	2/3/06	Tee Points, Type-C, Side-B Web
type_c_tee_gh.txt	0	2/3/06	Tee Points, Type-C, Side-B Base
type_b_tee_ab.txt	0	2/3/06	Tee Points, Type-B, Side-A Web
type_b_tee_cd.txt	0	2/3/06	Tee Points, Type-B, Side-A Base
type_b_tee_ef.txt	0	2/3/06	Tee Points, Type-B, Side-B Web
type_b_tee_gh.txt	0	2/3/06	Tee Points, Type-B, Side-B Base
type_b_flange_d.txt	0	2/3/06	Flange Points, Type-B, Datum-D
type_b_flange_e.txt	0	2/3/06	Flange Points, Type-B, Datum-E
type_b_isurf.txt	0	2/3/06	Inner As-Cast Surface, Type-B
type_b_osurf.txt	0	2/3/06	Outer As-Cast Surface, Type-B
type_a_tee_ab.txt	0	2/3/06	Tee Points, Type-A, Side-A Web
type_a_tee_cd.txt	0	2/3/06	Tee Points, Type-A, Side-A Base
type_a_tee_ef.txt	0	2/3/06	Tee Points, Type-A, Side-B Web
type_a_tee_gh.txt	0	2/3/06	Tee Points, Type-A, Side-B Base
type_a_flange_d.txt	0	2/3/06	Flange Points, Type-A, Datum-D
type_a_flange_e.txt	0	2/3/06	Flange Points, Type-A, Datum-E
type_a_isurf.txt	0	2/3/06	Inner As-Cast Surface, Type-A
type_a_osurf.txt	0	2/3/06	Outer As-Cast Surface, Type-A

Table 7-2 List of Inspection Point Files