INTERFACE CONTROL DOCUMENT TITLE AND APPROVAL PAGE					
ICD Number:	(Page 1)ICD Number:Primary Author:P. Goranson				
ICD-123-64-0001-00 VV		Timary Audior .1 . Go	Timary Author: Goranson		
Cooling/heating requi	rements				
Impacted WBS Elements: WBS-121, WBS-123,		Type of Interface: Fu	Type of Interface: Functional/mechanical		
WBS 64		Interface	Interface bly (VVSA) exterior surface includes tubes which circulate		
helium gas to provide heating during bake out of the vacuum vessel and during idle periods when the vacuum vessel is on standby. The helium gas provides cooling of the vessel after operational shots. This ICD defines the operational parameters for the pressurized helium supplied by WBS 64 and defines the requirements for the hookup interface between WBS 123 and WBS 64.					
Record of Revisions Revision Number Description Date			Date		
0	Initial issue		12/13/2004		
Approvals					
WBS Manager:		VBS Manager:			
Project Engineer: Pr		Project Engineer:		-	
Systems Engineering Support Manager:					

ICD DETAIL SHEET

(Page 2)

(Use Continuation Sheets as Necessary to Include the Following Applicable Information)

Scope of Interface:

This interface impacts the operational requirements for the Helium Bakeout System.

Equipment and Responsibility List:

Vacuum Vessel Heating and Cooling Distribution Systems (WBS 123): Goranson

Helium Bake out System (WBS64): Dudek Vacuum Vessel (WBS 121): Goranson

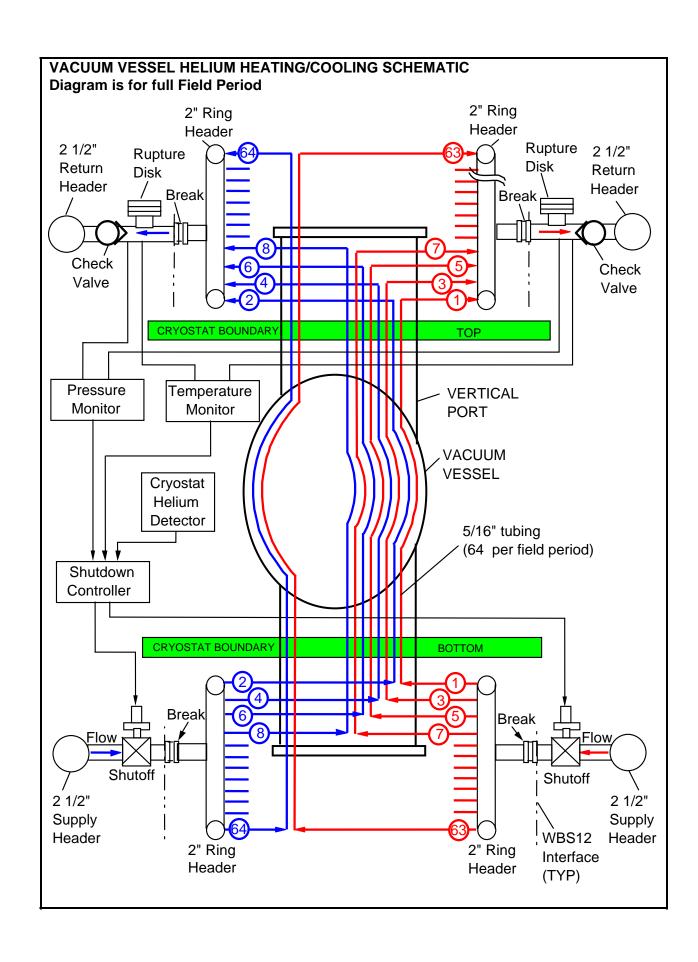
Related ICDs:

ICD-123-400-0001 VV Port Resistance Heaters

Notes and Abbreviations:

Interface Block Diagrams:

Diagram is included on the following page.



Installation/Operation Information:

The coolant tubes are fed by two supply and two return ring headers located around the vertical ports on each VVSA. Gas input is at the lower ports and gas return is at the upper ports. The ring header design is the responsibility of WBS 123. WBS 123 is responsible for coorordinating the location and design of ring header interfaces where headers supplied by WBS 64 will connect.

The coolant system must be electrically isolated at the same potential as the vessel by electric breaks. The electrical breaks are the responsibility of WBS 123.

The port extensions are independently heated by resistancee heaters during baking and idle operation.

Summary of the minimum required operational parameters for a 20 atmosphere VV helium system:

Bake at 350 C

Heat load 17.5 kW Helium inlet temperature 367 C

Pressure drop across VV 0.1 atmosphere Helium flow rate 244 cfm

Cooling load after operational pulse

Average heat load 16 kW Helium bulk temperature rise 5 C

Pressure drop across VV 0.3 atmosphere Helium flow rate 400 cfm

The present Helium blower is only capable of approximately 300 cfm and it is only marginally capable of 16 kW heat removal with a helium temperature rise of 6.4 K and a pressure drop of 0.2 atmospheres across the VV. During future upgrade operation it may be necessary to extend the cool down time between shots beyond the 15 minute time criteria or permit a higher ratcheting temperature unless the blower is upgraded.

The helium heating load required to maintain the VV at idle (room temperature) is 5 kW.

Other Pertinent Information:

Detailed flow characteristics and heating requirements for the helium system are defined in:

Vacuum Vessel Heating/Cooling Distribution System Thermo-hydraulic Analysis - NCSX-CALC-12-002-00 dA This document is a preliminary draft and has not been released into the system.

Additional information on the heat balance of the VV may be found in:

Vacuum Vessel Heat Balance Analysis NCSX-CALC-12-003-00