Procedure 03-8083-P05

Helium Leak Detection

The Fusion of Quality and Innovation

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REVISION RECORD

Revision	Date of Issue	Description of Change	Prepared by	Reviewed by	Approved by
0	01/15/03	New			
1	01/12/04	Modified to address Rohwedder's comments			

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Purpose:

To check the vacuum integrity of all chambers.

Scope:

For use with all vacuum chambers.

Equipment:

HLT-160 Leak Detector Edwards Mechanical Booster Leybold Turbo Vac 1000C TPG (Total Pressure Controller) 300 Turbotronik NT 1000 Turbo Blower Pfeiffer Roughing Pump Water supply Miller Coolmate 3 cooler Helium Gas

Procedure:

- 1. Turn on the roughing pump and blower by the switch on the wall and the cooler.
- 2. Turn on compressor.
- 3. Open valve #1 on the pump by plugging the power source into it.
- 4. When pressure reaches 1.0 x 10⁻² Torr (or 1.3 x 10⁻² mbar) on the TPG 300 unplug gate valve #1, plug power source into gate valve #2, allow to pump for 2 minutes and press "start" on the Turbotronik.
- 5. When "normal operation" light comes on on the Turbotronik NT 1000, turn the red switch on gate valve (#3) from a horizontal to vertical position making sure pressure is still below 5.0×10^{-2} Torr.
- 6. When vacuum reaches base pressure or sensitivity specified by the customer turn on the HLT-160 Leak Detector.
- 7. If optimum base pressure cannot be reached, remove chamber from pumps and perform a bakeout. The bake-out shall consist of heating chamber to 150C for 6 hours, then resume with leak check.
- 8. When the "vent" light comes on on the hand control of the HLT-160, push the "pump" button and wait approximately 1 minute.
- 9. Plug power source into valve #4.
- 10. Helium is used to detect leaks in the chamber. Run the wand connected to the tank of helium along all welds, flanges and seals.
- 11. If no alarm is heard then there are no leaks, and go on to step (12). If the alarm sounds on the hand control, there is a leak and it has to be located on the chamber, documented on an NCR and repaired. To pin-point leak, use methyl hydrate around suspected leak and watch the TPG 300 reading. A pressure reading increase indicates that methyl hydrate has leaked inside the chamber. Once the leak has been fixed, initiate the testing procedure again.
- 12. If base pressure or sensitivity is consistent with what the company has requested then the chamber has passed, release vacuum and remove pumps and fill out the test certification form.