Modular Coil Winding Fabrication

J. Chrzanowski and the NCSX Team

NCSX Final Design Review for Modular Coil Winding Form

May 19-20, 2004

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Presentation Outline

Risk Mitigation Plans- Modular coil fabrication

≻ Safety

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- ≻ Fabrication of Modular coils
 - ➤Materials
 - >"Inch Worm" and "Twisted Racetrack" coil trials
 - ≻Tooling
 - ≻Winding facility
 - ≻VPI process
- ➤ Summary

Risk Mitigation Plans

- Risk mitigation for the fabrication of the Modular coils is being handled through an extensive R&D program that has been on-going since the CDR. Critical activities include:
 - Development of a VPI plan for epoxy impregnating the modular coils
 - Perform conductor "Keystone" testing to determine what tolerance control can be obtained
 - Develop experience in winding compacted copper cable conductor through the use of prototype windings
 - > Verify new cooling scheme
 - Wind and VPI prototype coils to gain experience and develop procedures

NCSX R&D – Safety is Integrated in All Aspects

Safety is an important element of the PPPL culture and is incorporated in all aspects of the development program and will be carried over to production Integrated Safety Management (ISM) >Job Hazard Analysis surveys (JHA's) are developed to identify hazards associated with the various tasks and the personnel protective equipment required >Involvement of all safety groups in developing plans for manufacturing

Epoxy Selection

Resin System selected- CTD-101K (well characterized for ITER) > Product of *Composite Technology Dev. Inc.* ➤3- Component epoxy system \succ Excellent performance at cryogenic temperatures with a long pot life and low viscosity **Cure Cycle** GOOD >5 hours @ 100 ° C (Cure) WORKING >16 hours (*a*) 125 ° C (Post cure) TIME!!! **Pot** Life: >145 hours (a) 25° C..... 1300 Cp viscosity >60 hours (a) 40° C..... 400 Cp viscosity * >20 hours (a) 60° C..... 100 Cp viscosity

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Copper Rope Conductor

Conductor Specifications:

- > OFHC copper- 34 AWG bare copper (0.0063 in. diameter) per ASTM B-577
- Tolerance ~ +/- 0.008 inch
- > 3240 strands

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- > Cable construction:
 - > (54) @ 2.5 in. RHL x (5) @ 3.5 RHL x (9) @ 5.5 in. LHL
 - > (54) @ 2.5 in. LHL x (5) @ 3.5 LHL x (3) @ 5.5 in. RHL
- > Conductor will be manufactured with no lubricants (clean)
- Conductors will fabricated using copper rope that was compacted to required dimensions (tolerance +/- 0.008")
- Conductor will have 0.004 in. thick Nylon serve that assists with forming the conductor and helps to minimize loose strands

> Turn Insulation:

Conductor will be insulated with (1) half-lapped layer of nominal 0.004 in. thick S-2 fiberglass tape [0.004 in. center and 0.007 in. at edge- average build = 0.0055 in.]

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Keystone R&D Findings







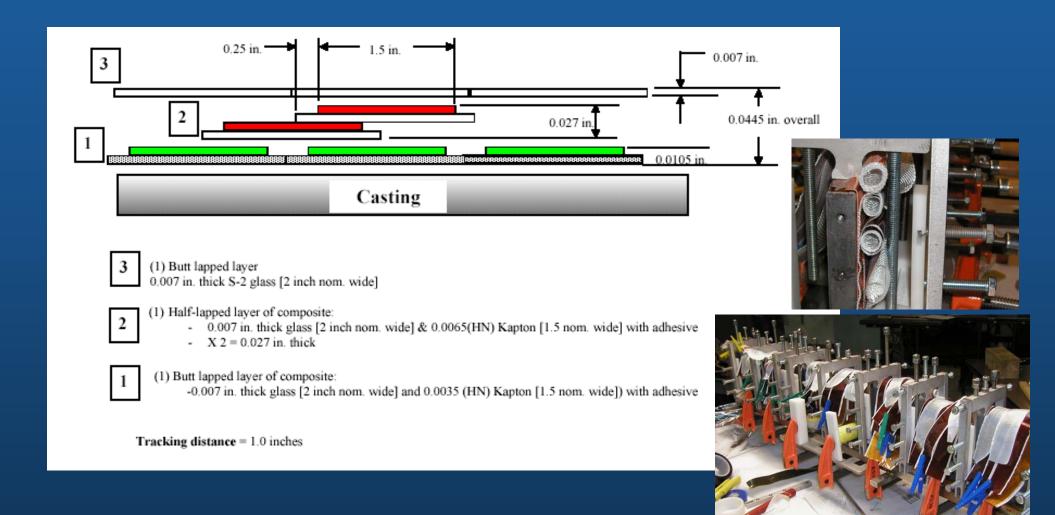


- > New insulation scheme, helps to minimize keystoning
- Rolling or pre-forming of conductor is not a realistic option, due to the complex and changing geometry of the coils
- Smaller conductor helps to minimize Keystoning
- Between the conductor tolerance +/-0.008 in. and dimensional variations due to keystoning, reproducibility would be difficult without compensating with the use of shimming
- > Proposed method for winding modular coils
 - ➢ Wind approximately 6 −8 inch length of pre-insulated conductor
 - > Set conductor in place by gently hand tapping in place
 - Measure position of turn using "Romer" arm plus specially designed tools
 - Shim as required to maintain tolerance control

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Ground Wrap Insulation Scheme

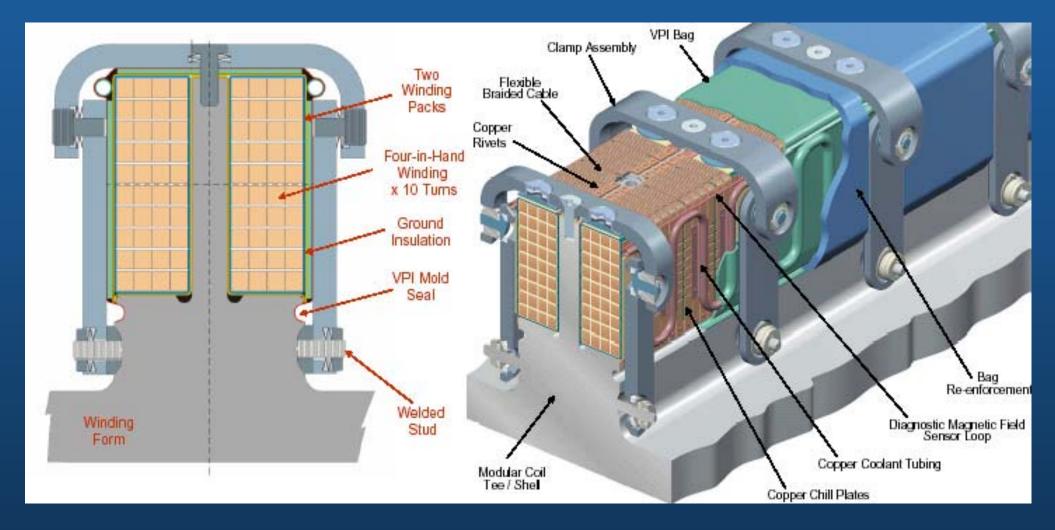


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Modular Coil Winding Pack Assembly



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Modular Coil Manufacturing



- Compacted copper conductor will arrive pre-insulated.
- Coil layers will be wound 4 conductors in-hand
- The upper and lower leads will join together and run along the side of the coil bundle and through the casting
- Leads will be terminated outside the casting [First demonstrated on "Twisted racetrack coil"]
- Details of the bracing for the conductors in this region will be an area of focus



Coil Winding Metrology



-Initial measurements are made using "Romer" Arm

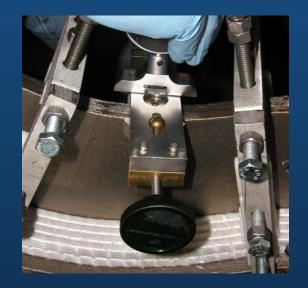
-Use mechanical measurement fixture/gauge as conductor is being laid in position

- Fixture fastens to top leg of MC casting using pretapped holes
- Digital gauge measures from fixture to conductor surface [surface block will be used on conductors]
- -Add or remove glass shims as necessary

-Periodically remeasure overall height using "Romer" arm



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Inch Worm-Winding Trials

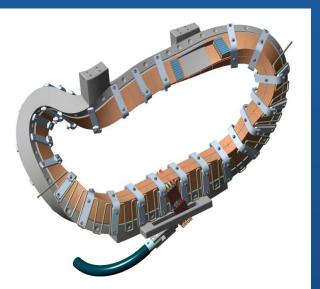




- > The "Inch Worm" casting was used to:
 - > Develop winding techniques/procedures
 - Develop metrology instruments
 - Train winding crew in handling cable conductor

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Twisted Racetrack Shaped Coil





Anticipated start mid July

Twisted coil will capture many physical features of the NCSX Modular coils including:

- Mod coil Cross-section and Transitions
- Conductor and Insulation scheme
- Lead arrangement
- Cooling arrangement (Chill plates)
- Coil will be instrumented with strain gauges and thermocouples to monitor coil conditions

Coil will be used to demonstrate/learn:

- shimming to control tolerance
- Issues of fabrication using similar features of modular coil
- Final "Bag Mold" configuration
- First use of Autoclave
- Verify thermal performance of the coil

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Evolution of R&D Winding / VPI Development



Univ. of Tenn. Coil

First use of CTD-101K epoxy system for VPI



Straight Tee Section

First use of "Bag Mold" for VPI



Racetrack Coil

First winding experience & use of copper cladding



Full Scale Prototype Coil

First use of manufacturing processes

September 04



Twisted Racetrack -Final coil lead configuration -First use of autoclave for VPI July 04



Inch-Worm Winding

-First use of shimming to control tolerance

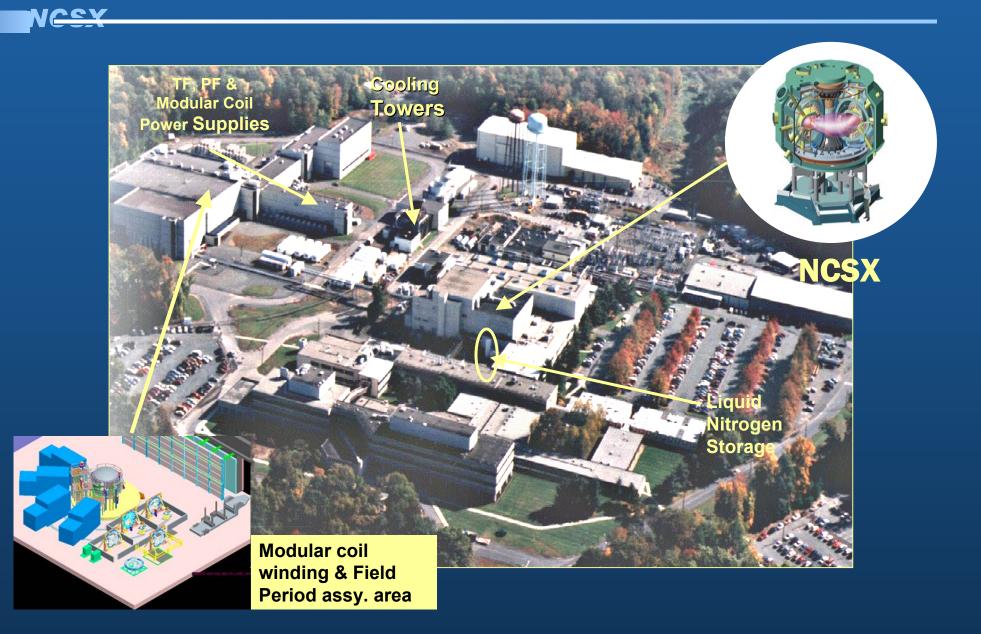
-First use of 4 in hand conductor

Spring 04

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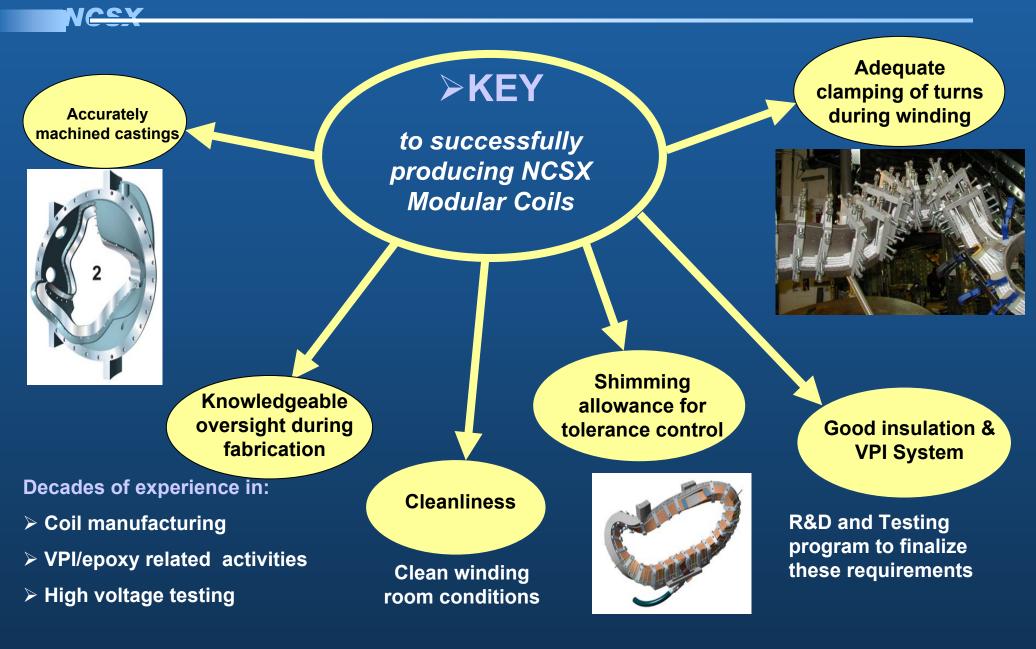
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Modular Coil Fabrication



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Modular Coil Success



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Modular Coil Winding Facility Operations Plan

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Modular Coil Winding Facility Operations Plan

NCSX-PLAN-WFOP-00

April 1, 2004

Author:

James H. Chrzanowski- Coil Facility Manager

Reviewed By: Steve Raftopoulos- Field Supervisor

Reviewed By: Tom Meighan- Field Supervisor

Reviewed By: Judy Malsbury- NCSX QA Representative

Reviewed By: Jerry Levine- PPPL Safety Representative

Reviewed By: Bill Slavin- PPPL IH Representative

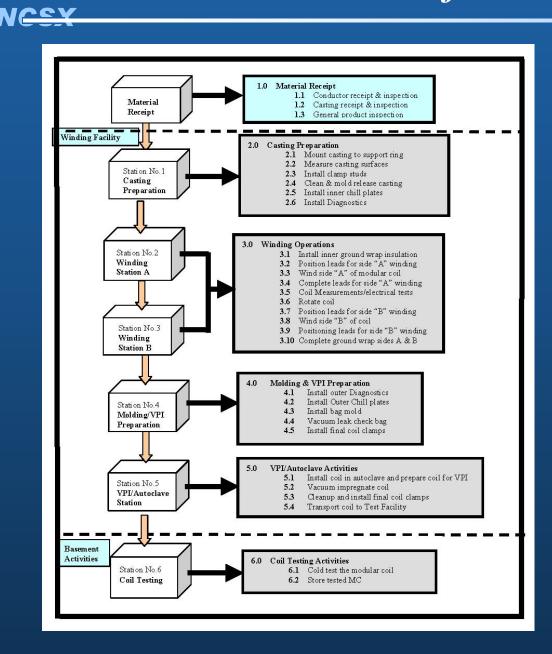
Approved By: Larry Dudek- RLM for Coil Facility

- A Modular Coil Winding Facility Operations Plan has been written and approved.
- This document describes how the MCWF will function during the coil manufacturing
 - Workstations
 - Responsibilities
 - ➢ Safety and Training
 - Operating Guidelines
 - **Communication**
 - Documentation
 - Quality Assurance

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Modular Coil Manufacturing Flow Plan



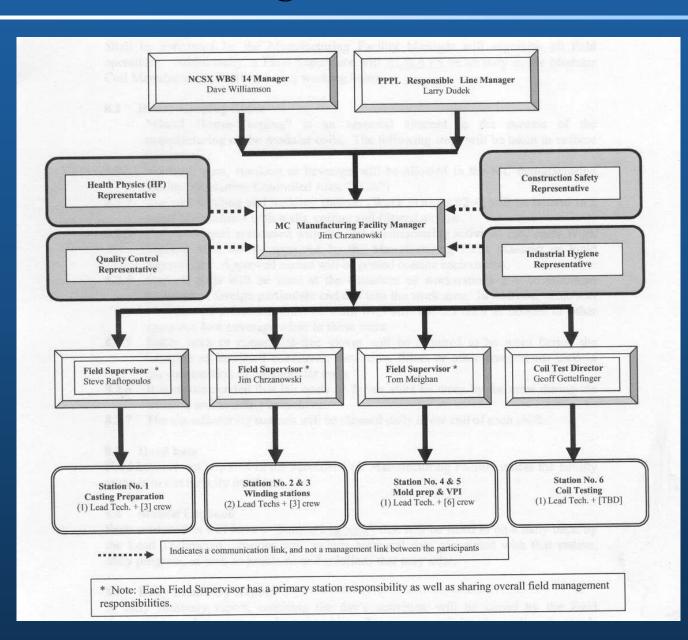
Flow plan outlines work stations and manufacturing steps

Receipt of casting thru final testing

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MCWF Organizational Chart



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Modular Coil MIT Plan

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Modular Coil Manufacturing, Inspection, Test and Quality Assurance Plan

NCSX-MIT/QA-142-01-00

April 27, 2004

Author:	Date:
James H. Chrzanowski- Modular Coil Facility Manager	
Reviewed By: Judy Malsbury- NCSX QA Representative	Date:
Judy Malsbury- NCSX QA Representative	
Reviewed By:	Date:
Jerry Levine- PPPL Safety Representative	
Reviewed By:	Date:
Dave Williamson- WBS Manager for Modular Coils (WBS14)	
Reviewed By:	Date:
Brad Nelson-Project Engineer for Stellerator Systems (WBS 1) Manager	
Approved By:	Date:
Larry Dudek- RLM for Modular Coil Mfg.Facility	

Controlled Document THIS IS AN UNCONTROLLED DOCUMENT ONCE PRINTED. Check the NCSX Engineering Web prior to use to assure that this document is current.

MIT Plan has been written and reviewed.

- Document will be used during the manufacturing of the Twisted Racetrack Coil, modified and approved for the production coils
- The MIT in conjunction with procedures will dictate the manufacturing process

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Manufacturing Documents

- NCSX-PLAN-WFOP-00 [MC Winding Facility Operations Plan]
- NCSX-MIT/QA-142-01-00 [MC MIT/QA Plan]
- Manufacturing Procedures
 - NCSX-PROC-MCF-001 [MC Material Receipt]
 - NCSX-PROC-MCF-002 [MC Station 1- Casting Preparation]
 - NCSX-PROC-MCF-003 [MC Station 2&3- Winding]
 - NCSX-PROC-MCF-004 [MC Station 4- Mold Preparation]
 - > NCSX-PROC-MCF-005 [VPI and Final Operations]
 - D-NCSX-OP-G-159 [MC Test Facility Operation]

Modular Coil Fabrication

The Modular Coil Winding Facility will be located in the D-site Test Cell [formerly occupied by TFTR]

Six manufacturing stations

Station 1- Casting Prep

Station 2 & 3- Winding stations

Station 4- Mold preparation

Station 5- VPI and post VPI

Station 6- Cryo test (Located in basement)

> The coils will vacuum-pressure-impregnated (VPI) in an autoclave

Maintain coil current center tolerance of +/- 0.020 inches by shimming between turns and layers

Modular Coil Manufacturing Facility



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MCWF Clean Rooms

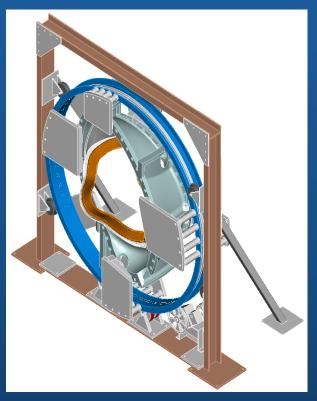




- The winding and mold stations will be located in enclosed rooms where cleanliness can be controlled.
- Three clean rooms are being constructed.
- Modular coils will be positioned in the rooms via a sliding roof panel.
- External vacuum system for cleaning purposes, as well as filtered room ventilation

Coil Turning Fixtures



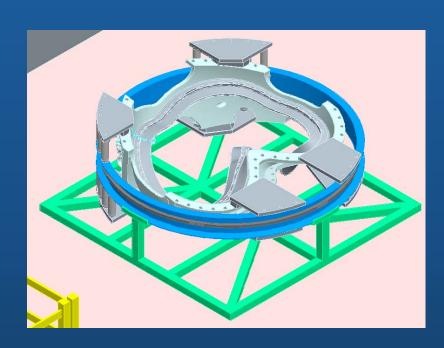


- > Vertical turning fixtures will accommodate (3) types of modular coils
- Turning fixture be used at three stations (Casting Preparation, Winding and Mold Preparation)
- > Allows easy work access to both sides of casting
- ➢ Motor and gear driven

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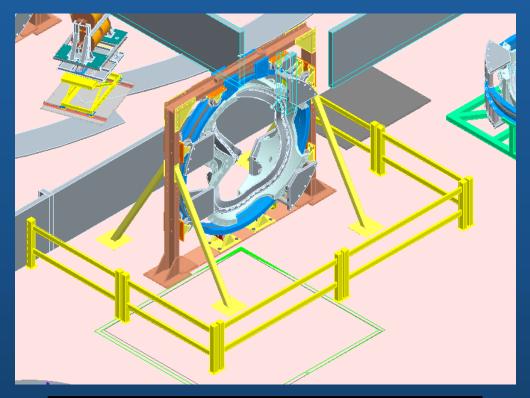
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Casting Preparation Station #1



Casting Preparation

-Mount casting to support ring
-Measure/inspect casting surfaces
-Install coil clamp studs
-Clean & mold release winding surfaces
-Install inner chill plates & measure



Procedure No. NCSX-PROC-MCF-002

12 working days per coil

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Coil Winding Station #2 & 3

Winding Operations [2 stations]

-Install inner ground wrap insulation -Position leads for side "A" winding

- -Wind side "A" of modular coil
- -Measure turns as wound
- -Complete leads for side "A" winding
- -Reposition coil in turning fixture
- -Position leads for side "B" winding
- -Wind side "B" of coil
- -Measure turns as wound
- -Complete leads for side "B" winding -Complete ground wrap sides A & B

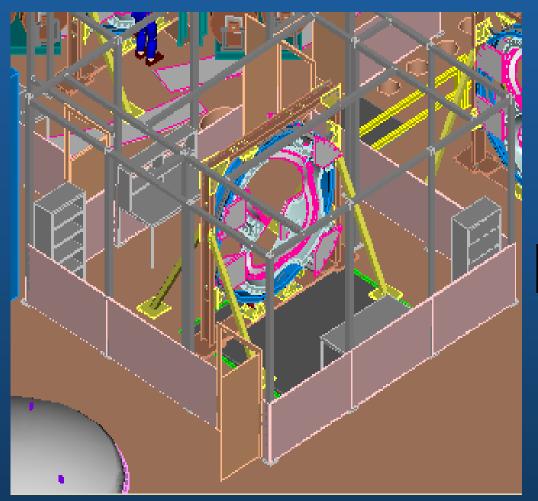
Procedure No. NCSX-PROC-MCF-003



38 working days per coil

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Molding/VPI Preparation Station #4



Molding & VPI Preparation

- -Install outer Diagnostics & measure
- -Install Outer Chill plates
- -Install bag mold
- -Vacuum leak check bag mold -Install coil molding clamps

Procedure No. NCSX-PROC-MCF-004

15 to 25 working days per coil

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VPI Station #5



Procedure No. NCSX-PROC-MCF-005

VPI/Autoclave Activities
-Install coil in autoclave and prep for VPI
-Vacuum impregnate coil
-Cleanup and install final coil clamps
-Transport coil to test facility

VPI- (12) working days per coil

Post VPI- (5) working days per coil

Cold Testing- (5) working days per coil

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Autoclave Installation



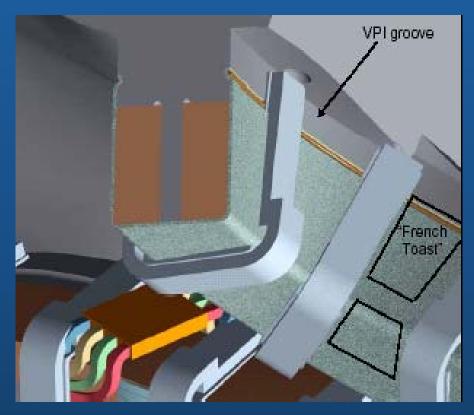


 Autoclave being transported to coil winding facility

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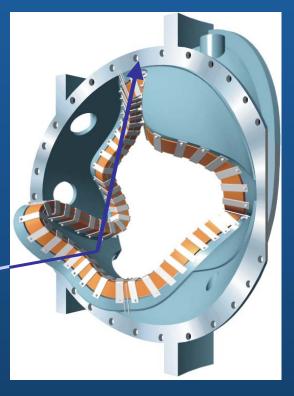
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Vacuum-Pressure Impregnation (VPI)



-Modular coils will be VPI'd in vertical position

-Epoxy bleed holes are provided at the highest point of casting to minimize risk of voids during VPI process

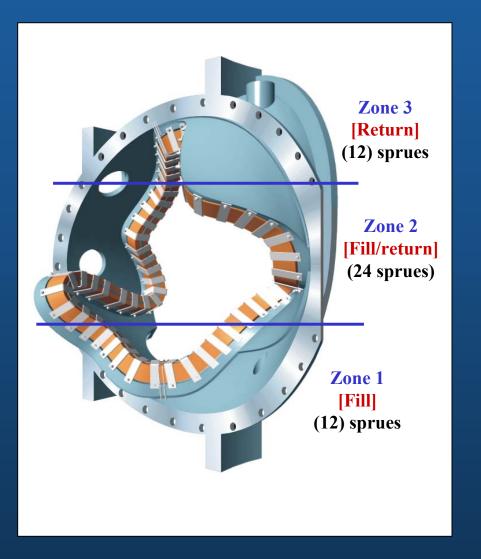


-"Bag Mold" -silicone rubber tape (vacuum seal) and epoxy filled felt (side wall stiffness) is placed over the ground wrap/ chill plates.

-"VPI Grooves"-silicone bag is secured with copper tubing pressed into machined grooves located on the casting.

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Vacuum-Pressure Impregnation (VPI)

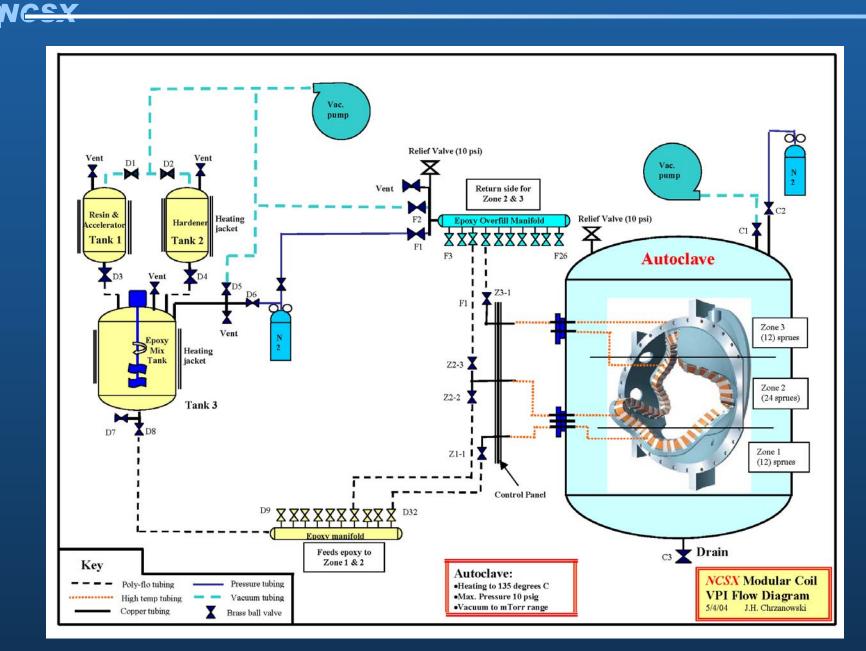


- During the VPI process, the Modular Coil will be divided into 3 zones
 - Zone 1- supply only
 - Zone 2- supply and return
 - Zone 3- return only
- The autoclave will initially be maintained at vacuum matching the vacuum inside of the "bag mold" [minimize potential leaks]
- As the coil reaches the ½ fill mark, the autoclave atmosphere will slowly shift from vacuum to pressure (5 psig max) to support the bag mold
- Once filled, autoclave will return to atmospheric pressure prior to beginning the ramp up of temperature to cure the epoxy

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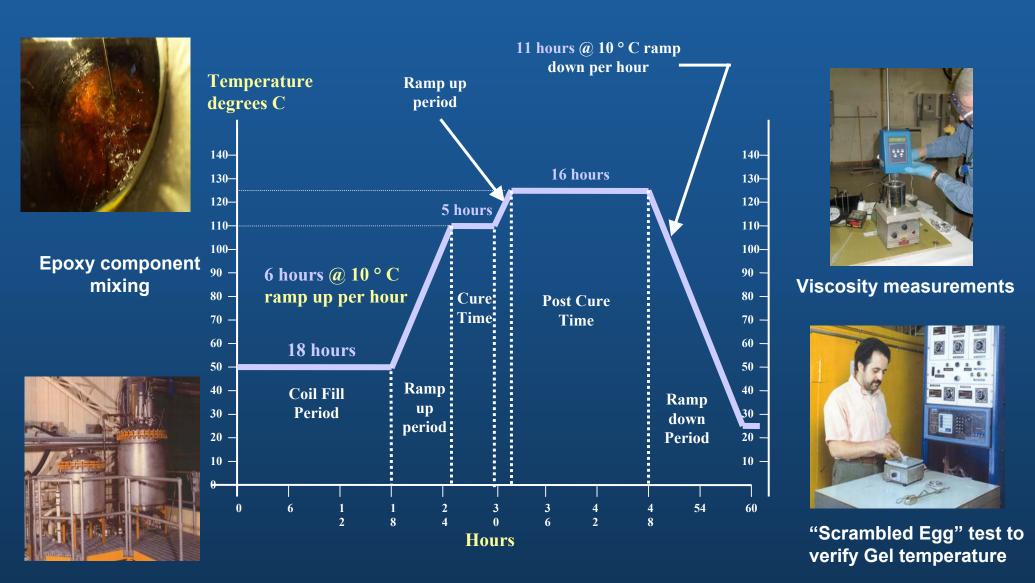
Modular Coil VPI Flow Diagram



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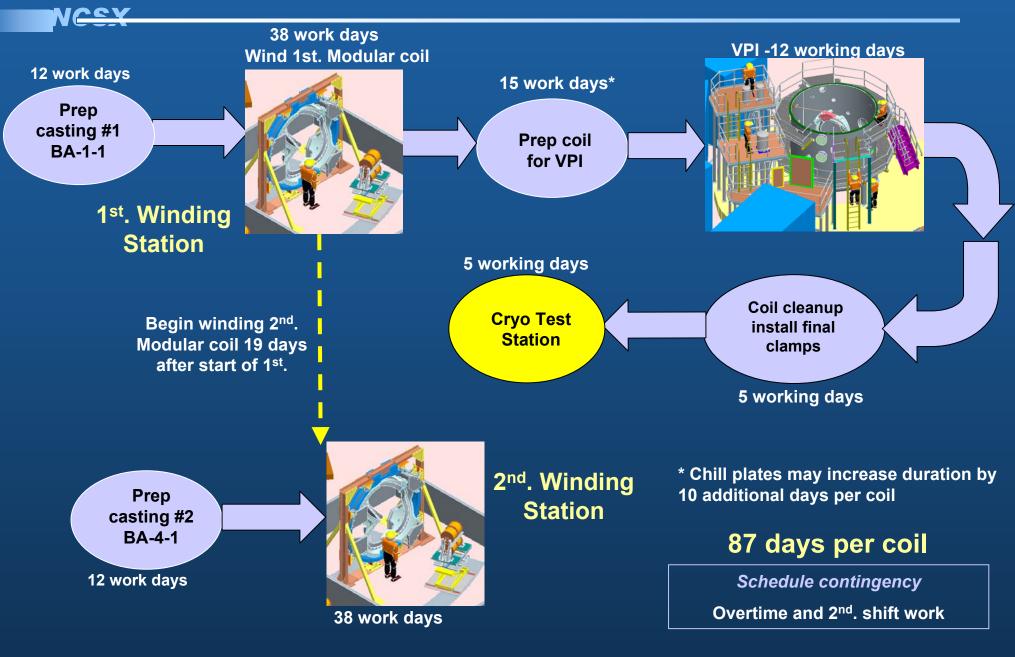
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NCSX MODULAR COIL VPI CYCLE



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Modular Coil Manufacturing Schedule



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Summary- Completions

- The R&D program has made great progress since the CDR; and has been able to provide the NCSX Project with needed information in the Modular Coil design. These activities include:
 - Determined the mechanical and thermal properties of the epoxy impregnated conductor
 - "Keystone test" have helped to define the conductor size, tolerance control and manufacturing processes
 - Developed and demonstrated a sound "VPI" plan ("Bag Mold" and epoxy delivery method)
 - Developed an Winding Facility Operations Plan and MIT
 - > Manufacturing procedures are being written
 - Experience gained in winding Racetrack shaped coil and "Inch Worm" have helped to define the manufacturing plan

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Summary- R&D and Manufacturing Preparations

> Remaining R&D/ Manufacturing Activities Include:

- Complete remaining epoxy/conductor mechanical/thermal tests
- Complete cooling method R&D activities
- ≻ Wind "Twisted" Racetrack Coil
- Complete fabrication of tooling and setup of Modular coil manufacturing facility
- Complete Modular coil manufacturing procedures
- > Perform trial winding operations on "Prototype" Modular coil

• Good progress is being made in developing the detailed methods required to produce modular coils which meet their technical requirements within cost and schedule.